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# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 303 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS Air Surcharge 6 Pies

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# RANAS FALL OUT IN NEPAL

## Resignations In Protest

## CONGRESS FORCES CLOSING IN

## Pincer Move On The Capital Reported

PATNA, December 25 (PTI)

SEVENTY RANAS OF NEPAL, ALL HOLDING HIGH OFFICIAL RANKS MOSTLY IN THE NEPAL ARMY BUT NOT IN THE DIRECT LINE OF SUCCESSION TO THE PREMIERSHIP, INCLUDING FOUR SONS OF YUDDHA SHUMSHER JANG BAHADUR RANA, FORMER PRIME MINISTER OF NEPAL WHO RESIGNED IN 1946, HAVE RESIGNED ENBLOC FROM THEIR POSTS, ACCORDING TO REPORTS RECEIVED HERE BY WELL-INFORMED SOURCES IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH KHATMANDU.

The resignations followed a meeting of all the Ranas numbering about 130 held at Singha Durbar Prime Minister's palace in Khatmandu, last night where copies of the draft of the "proclamation announcing constitutional reforms and other matters" were distributed for eliciting their opinion.

The seventy Ranas, who resigned, tore up the copies of the draft after reading them, saying that they did not want to fight with King Tribhuwan and that they wanted him back, the reports added.

They are also reported to have said that they were not prepared to fight against brother Ranas who were engaged "in a war of liberation."

**HALF NEPAL LIBERATED**

A spokesman of the Nepali State Congress told the PTI today that Nepali Congress forces had launched "a pincer movement" from western and eastern Nepal to "squeeze Khatmandu into surrender."

The spokesman said: "We have learnt the lessons of Birgani and we are not going to be caught napping again."

He claimed that the Congress forces were now in complete control of a "habited area" of more than thirty thousand square miles out of fifty-six thousand square miles of Nepal territory in eastern, western and central Nepal.

The Congress forces, the spokesman said, were in control of the districts of Ilam, Morang, Okhaldunga, Bhojpur and Chainpur in the east and Kailali and Kanchantur in the east. They had already struck at the western districts of Doti and Baitari and he hoped that before long they would over-run both districts.

Parts of Taulihawa, Bethri and Parasi districts in the west, Mahottari and Saptari in the east, and Birganj, Nawalpur and Chitwan in the centre, were also under the control of the Congress forces, he added.

**TWO TOWNS CAPTURED**

Okhaldunga, headquarters of Nepal's number three eastern district of the same name, about 75 miles north-west of Biratnagar, and Chainpur an important town in Dhankuta district about 60 miles north of Biratnagar, have been captured by Nepali Congress volunteers who struck at both places in strength, according to a Nepali Congress report received here this evening.

The report said the Congress volunteers earlier clashed with about two

(Continued on page 5)

## REACTIONS TO PROPOSALS

### Nepal Minister At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25 (PTI): General Bijay Shamshere, Nepalese Foreign Minister, today brought to New Delhi the Nepalese Government's reactions to India's recent memorandum comprising her advice on the principles that should govern consttutional reforms in Nepal.

General Bijay told pressmen, on arrival at Willingdon airfield this afternoon, that the reactions brought by him had been approved both by the Nepalese Cabinet and the two houses of the Nepalese Parliament. The two houses of the Nepalese Parliament, he said, considered and approved them separately yesterday.

The pressmen asked him: "Are your proposals based on India's memorandum'? General Bijay refused to comment and said: "I have brought our reactions".

Mr. C.P.N. Singh, Indian Ambassador in Nepal, arrived by the same plane. Mr. Singh is expected to participate in the forthcoming talks between the Nepalese Government representatives and the Government of India on the reactions brought by General Bijay.

General Bijay emphatically denied reports of a "palace revolution" in Khatmandu which stated that Commander General Babar Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana had replaced the Prime Minister General Mohun Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana.

AGRA: His Highness the King of Nepal who arrived here yesterday from Delhi with the members of his family and personal staff, visited the Taj, Agra Fort, Fatehpur Sikri and other hisorical monuments in Agra. He left for New Delhi this afternoon.

### Liaquat On An Old Harp

DACCA, Dec. 25 (PTI): Pakistan's Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, said here today that there could be no new plan for solving the Kashmir issue except that a fair and impartial plebiscite should be held to which both India and Pakistan were committed.

Mr. Khan addressing pressmen said that the Constituent Assembly proposed to be set up in Kashmir would be a "bogus assembly" Pakistan would never recognise it.

Replying to question on Pak-Afghanistan relations, Mr. Khan said that they were "pretty bad". Afghanistan had taken the most unreasonable attitude, he added.

### *And Who May That Be?*

*WASHINGTON, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter): A "certain individual" behind the Iron Curtain was struggling to lessen tension between East and West, said an Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Edward Barrett, in a television interview.*

*Mr. Barrett, chief of the Voice of America programme, was asked whether he knew of anyone among the Soviet or satellite countries who was working for peace.*

*There was an individual who could not be named for obvious reasons striving in that direction, replied Mr. Barrett.*

*This person had visited the United Nations and democratic nations and "liked what he saw."*

### *Stone Of Destiny Stolen, Possibly By Scotsmen*

LONDON, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Scone Stone—also called the Stone of Destiny—ancient seat on which kings of England are crowned, was stolen from Westminster Abbey early today.

Police were searching a man and a woman who were reported seen in the vicinity of the Abbey early today in a car.

The stone, which weighs about 350 pounds, is at least 1,100 years old and kept under the seat of the coronation chair in the Abbey.

It was used for 400 years during the coronation ceremonies of Scottish Kings. It was taken from Scotland to Westminster by King Edward I in 296 as a symbol of his conquest of Scotland.

**A THREAT**

An anonymous letter-writer this year threatened to damage or steal the stone unless it was returned to Scotland. Police kept guard for 60 hours, but nothing happened.

Scotland Yard flashed a call to provincial police headquarters to set up road blocks on the main routes from England to Scotland.

Some damage was done to the coronation throne itself during the theft of the stone.

It had been dragged several yards from its normal position in the Abbey and a long splinter of wood was knocked from one of the legs.

Asked if there had been other recent attempts to remove the stone, the Dean of Westminster said: "Some wild Scotsmen have threatened to do this from time to time and one hopes that it may only be one of their little games."

Detectives ended their search of the Abbey today as the congregation began to assemble for the Christmas morning service.

**BELONGS TO SCOTLAND**

In Glasgow, one of Scotland's home rule pioneers, Mr. John MacCormick, who was recently elected rector of Glasgow University said, "The Stone of Destiny properly belongs to the Scottish people. I hope that, whatever the outcome of the present adventure, the stone will ultimately be kept in Scotland except for coronations."

King George VI was crowned on the stone—a rectangular block of pale yellow sandstone eleven inches thick—in 1937.

The stone gets its name from Scone (pronounced skoon), the ancient capital of the Scottish kings.

Legend says that after its use by Jacob it passed into the possession of Scota, a daughter of Pharaoh, who married the son of the King of Greece.

She carried the stone first to Spain, then to Ireland, and ultimately to Scotland.

**BEST NEWS**

In Scotland the theft of the stone was acclaimed by many Scottish home rulers.

Miss Wendy Wood, one of the most militant nationalists, declared: "It is the best news I have heard in years. It is about time it disappeared from England. It is ours by right."

Mr. Nigel Tranter, leader of the Scottish Covenant for Home Rule, which was signed by two million Scots last year, said: "Our movement believes in constitutional methods but, as an individual, I would be the last to deplore initiative and enterprise shown by any person in Scotland even if it is misplaced, as this is, if it will waken people up to the feeling in Scotland."

### PIGNON IN PARIS

PARIS, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): M Leon Pignon, former French High Commissioner in Indo-China arrived at Orly airport from Saigon today.

M Pignon said that on his way home he had had a long talk in Singapore with the British Commissioner General for South-East Asia, Mr. Malcolm Macdonald, and an interview lasting more than an hour in Delni with Prime Minister Nehru.

"I have given Mr. Nehru at his request as concise and objective a survey as possible of the situation in Indo-China," he said.

**Christmas Present For Truman**

## The Most Successful Retreat In History

*ABOARD THE COMMAND SHIP USS. MOUNT MICKINLEY OFF HUNGNAM, December 25 (PTI-Reuter).*

*THE United States Tenth Corps yesterday pulled out of Hungnam, the last allied toehold in North Korea. Officers described the withdrawal as "the most successful tactical withdrawal in military history."*

*North Korean and Chinese Communist forces, pounded into inactivity by an incessant stream of fire from naval guns and from air strikes, let them go without firing a shot.*

*Army and Navy sappers blew up all the remaining industrial potential of the city—once a great fertiliser and explosives manufacturing centre—and destroyers moved in to blow up the few remaining shore dumps. Nearly eighty thousand civilians were evacuated from Hungnam to the south.*

*INDEPENDENCE: President Truman said today that the successful evacuation of Hungnam was "the best Christmas present I could have." In a statement from his family home, where he is spending the holiday, he said: "I thank God for the success of the Hungnam operation. I say 'Well done' to General MacArthur and General Almond."*

### *BIG FIRE IN YATUNG*

### *Lamas Chant*

KALIMPONG, Dec. 25 (UPI): A report reaching here from Yatung on the trade route between Kalimpong and Tibet says that a big fire broke out there four or five days ago.

It is stated that the fire started in the forest near the office of the Indian Trade Agent at Yatung, and aided by a heavy gale it spread over four miles and was not brought under control by December 22. The Bhotias, the Tibetans and other inhabitants of the locality have left the place and taken shelter in safer places. Some Indian merchants were staying on, but were seen keeping ready to evacuate.

It is not considered safe to bring out everything from godowns since bandits will have a free hand, and things saved from fire will go to them.

Troops were called out to deal with the spreading fire, but for four days they could not do much.

Tibet is a religious country and every act there is linked with some deity. The Tibetans consider this fire to be the wrath of God and Tibetan Lamas were seen chanting 'mantras' to end the spreading calamity.

The Indian Trade Agent at Yatung, who was away from Yatung for some time and was not supposed to be there for some time more, is arriving there unexpectedly, says a report dated Yatung, December 21. Mr. Sonam Dorajee's presence would be necessary in case the Dalai Lama takes that route to India.

### Something Which Never Hurt Anyone

SOESTDIJK, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Queen Juliana today appealed for international co-operation in the interests of world peace.

Addressing the nation in her Christmas message to Dutchmen all over the world, the Queen said that an "international feeling of friendship" existed which was stronger than could be seen in the surface.

"Co-operation never hurt anyone", the Queen said, adding, "Never before have we been given such a chance to make something of the world in which we live".

"We are not only being forced towards a greater unity, but we are also given the opportunity to accept this unity voluntarily".

### PEACE-LOVER FREED

PARIS, Dec. 25. (PTI-Reuter): Raymonde Dien, 22-year-old Tours (Western France) Communist Party, Secretary was released on Christmas Eve from Bordeaux prison whee she was serving a one-year senfence for trying to hold up the supply of war material to Indo-China.

On February 22, she led a party of Communist sympathisers who laid themselves down across a railway line and prevented a train taking tanks to Bordeaux for embarkation to Indo-China from leaving the station at Saint Pierre des Corps near Tours.

The President of the Military Court at Bordeaux who sentenced her on June 1 this year remitted the 48 days she still had to serve.

### BIG DEMONSTRATION IN KHATMANDU

#### Demand For Return Of The King

PATNA, Dec. 25, (PTI): A large number of Nepalis held demonstrations demanding the return of King Tribhuwan at the Parade Ground near Singha Durbar, Prime Minister's Palace in Khatmandu, known as Tundikhel, this afternoon, according to reports received here tonight by well-informed sources in close touch with Khatmandu.

The reports described the demonstration as the biggest ever held in the history of Khatmandu. The demonstrators marched in a procession from four corners of Khatmandu and converged on the parade ground shouting slogans "Bring back King Tribhuwan". "King Tribhuwan Zindabad", "Ranashahi Murdabad" "Proclamation Murdabad" etc.

Balkrishna Shumsher Jang Bahadur Rana, foremost poet and dramatist of Nepal, who addressed the processionists who had converted the procession into a meeting, and urged the people to overthrow the Rana regime and set up a democratic Government, was arrested by the Nepal police along with twelve others including three sons of Yuddha Shumsher Jang Bahadur Rana, former Prime Minister of Nepal and Captain Dayaman Shumsher Jang Bahadur Rana, nephew of the Nepalese Consul in Calcutta, the reports said.

Demonstrations were continuing in different parts of Khatmandu till 8 p.m. the reports added.

### New Zealand Rail Strike

WELLINGTON, Dec. 25. (PTI-Reuter): New Zealanders' Christmos travel was paralysed by the Auckland rail strike which began at midnight on Saturday and developed into a national issue during the weekend.

There was no sign of a settlement up to last night. The strikers are demanding a pay rise of six pence an hour.

# N. KOREA CLEARED OF U. S. TROOPS

## "As You Were" Position, Like 6 Months Ago

TOKYO, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).

SCREENED by a curtain of steel 100,000 United Nations troops last night, Christmas Eve, completed their withdrawal from the Hungnam-Hamhung beachhead.

The operation, described by the American officers as "the most successful tactical withdrawal in military history", began eleven days ago. With its conclusion the military situation had reverted to a position closely resembling that at the start of the Korean war six months ago.

The Eighth Army front south of the 38th parallel was reported "all quiet". The expected Communist Christmas eve offensive had not materialised.

News of the evacuation of the last of the United States Tenth Corps from the Communist-beleaguered beachhead on the Korean east coast came in a special communique from the United States aircraft carrier Philippine Sea.

It said, "A few miles away tonight the last remnants of the gallant United Nations forces from North-East Korea have been evacuated from the Hungnam beachhead."

Cloaked by security, American and South Korean troops had been pulling out steadily for eleven days under growing pressure from the Communist forces.

**SHELLING**

In the last stages the battleship "Missouri" brought up her big guns and joined those of heavy cruisers and destroyers in shelling the Communists.

No Communist activity was reported at the end.

Major General Edward M. Almond, Commander of the Tenth Corps, announced in a communique that 105,000 troops, about 100,000 refugees 17,500 vehicles and 350,000 tons of supplies and equipment had been evacuated in eleven days.

Military observers here conceded that if the Chinese Communist troops now in North Korea were to invade South Korea, they would have the same tactical initiative as Kim Il Sung's northern forces had before.

On the battle situation along the Eigth Army front, General MacArthur's communique said that United Nations forces maintained and improved their positions throughout the day.

United Nations pilot observed a small Chinese cavalry detachment southeast of Hwachon, about eight miles north of the thirtyeighth parallel and due south of Hungnam.

**PROBING**

Other Chinese troops were reported lined along the parallel about 30 miles north of Seoul and were probing the United Nations First and Sixth Division sectors.

Elsewhere along the line on the left flank, unidentified Communist troops were located on the north bank of the Imjon River, south of the parallel.

Superforts dropped 200 tons of bombs in Christmas Day attacks on

(Continued on Page 5.)

### Troops On The Border

*GAUHATI, Dec. 25 (UPI): There is concentration of armed forces in the Indo-Pakistan border by Pakistan on the south bank of the Brahmaputra near Dhubri in Darbhanga, Kajaikat and Saheberalagam in the district of Rangpur, according to information reaching here today.*

*It is stated that about 200 men of the Punjabi military have been posted there*

### Grenade On Christmas

SINGAPORE, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): British servicemen celebrating Christmas in a crowded Chinese cafe here escaped injury when a grenade was thrown through the window The explosion injured none.

Armed Chinese Communists had been busy all day in the colony robbing 200 civilians of their identity cards. They tried to burn a bus.

In Malaya, a European police lieutenant and two frontier police were reported missing after their party had been attacked by a gang of terrorists.

Four other policemen who seriously wounded have been evacuated by helicopter.

### West Bengal Minister Visits Pondi

PONDICHERRY Dec. 25, (UPI): Sri Niharendu Dutt Majumdar, Minister for Law and Justice, Government of West Bengal, who visited the Ashram to pay his homage to the 'samadhi' of Sri Aurobindo was granted an interview by the Mother last evening.

The Mother is said to have given out in the course of the interview as to how best the memorial to Sri Aurobindo could be given shape.

*The East Bengal Legislative Assembly will meet in the fourth week of February, 1951, it is understood.*

*After the last budget session (1950-51), the provincial Assembly did not meet for the second time throughout the whole year.*

### *Attempt To Kill Korean V. P.*

**SEOUL, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter): A gunman today attempted to assassinate 54-year-old Tex Kan Chang, Vice-President of the Korean National Assembly, in one of Seoul's main streets.**

**Chang, formerly the South Korean Chief of Police, was being driven to the Assembly from his home on the outskirts of the capital when a man stepped into the road, drew a revolver and fired at his car.**

**Several shots hit the car, but all the occupants escaped injury.**

**The police were tonight carrying out an intensive house-to-house search for the gunman who escaped into the crowd.**

### NEGOTIATIONS IN HOTEL STRIKE

#### Workers Asked To Go Back

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Hotel and Restaurant Association tonight authorised its Secretary, Mr. M. S. Shah, to negotiate a settlement with the striking employees.

The Association has also asked the employees to return to work within 48 hours, failing which they would be considered as discharged from service

More than 1,800 of the 2,400 employees were on strike tonight affecting eight luxury hotels in Bombay city. The managements had already procured substitute labour from other cities to keep the normal business going.

**CIRCULAR**

A circular issued by the Hotels Association said tonight, "Member hotels are hereby informed that they should put up the following notice on their notice board, informing their staff who have gone on strike that unless they resume their duties with 48 hours time expiring at 6 a.m. on 28th December 1950, they would be considered as having left thtir work and as such they would be considered as discharged from their service.

"The workers who have in their possession any of the hotel property such as uniforms etc. which they did not return to the management before leaving their duty are hereby asked to return same to the management without further delay.

"The workers should also be informed that those who are not returning to work by 6 a.m. on 28th December 1950, will receive their wages for services rendered up to 24th December 1950 only at any time they come to take it.

"Some of the hotel managements have received letters addressed to them and to their passengers imploring them to redress their grievances. The Association has always shown its readiness to listen to the delegation of workers directly or through their respective hotel managements."

**NINE AFFECTED**

Nine hotels were affected by the strike. They are: The Taj, Grand, Ambassador, Greens, Astoria, West End, Mirabelle, Ritz and Sea Greens. The strike commenced at midnight yesterday.

Mr. M. S. Shaw, Honorary Secretary, Hotel and Restaurants Association Bombay Region, said this morning that as the demands of the workers were "unnecessarily exhorbitant", there was no prospect of a settlement soon. The hotel employees were not poorly paid, he said.

Mr. Shaw said that if the representatives of the Hotel Kamgar Union, which has given the strike call, approached him, negotiations for a settlement could start, but such a move had not been made so far.

Meanwhile, arrangements are being made for substitute labour, telephone calls had been put through to Madras, Calcutta and Delhi to send down trained cooks to Bombay. The Taj, Mr. Shaw said, had already started working with a few cooks who were recruited locally.

Mr. Shaw said emphatically that the Union had absolutely no grounds for insisting on an adjudication since the demands put forward by them were entirely unreasonable.

# *Dalai Lama Fleeing To India*

## *China Reds Speed Drive On Lhasa*

KALIMGPONG, Dec. 25 (UPI).

THE Dalai Lama has left Lhasa and is heading towards India, according to reports reaching here from Phari. The Dalai Lama is preceded by an escort of 200 men following him at a distance is another escort of 400 men.

On December 21, the Dalai Lama's party was thought to have been seen between Chusur and Pede. Chusur is nearly 35 miles from Lhasa and Pede nearly 50 miles. From Pede, Kalimpong is 15 days' journey and by now the party should be nearing Phari.

All roads leading from Phari towards India are being once again cleaned and all villages on the route are getting busy to receive the Dalai Lama.

Tibetan official circles here have not yet confirmed this news, but they consider it "probable".

Another report from Phari says that the Chinese Communists have speeded up their drive towards Lhasa, capital of Tibet. This time they are not proceeding from Chamdo, which is under their sway, but are heading towards Lhasa from Sinkiang side in the west, in which direction they were last reported to have been at Rudok. It is reported that their marching process is rapid and this news probably has made the Dalai Lama leave Lhasa.

Although Tibetan official circles do not confirm these reports, their activities here are significant A few days ago, a large meeting of Tibetans was held here and some important matters were discussed.

### DALAI LAMA'S MOTHER COMING TO INDIA

KALIMPONG, Dec. 25, (UPI): The departure of the Dalai Lama's mother from Lhasa has been confirmed by Dsza Surkhang, Tibet's Foreign Secretary, now at Kalimpong awaiting Lhasa Government's directive in connection with his proceeding to Lake Success.

News reaching here today from Phari and Yatung trade centres between Lhasa and India says that the Dalai Lama's mother has reached Ralung and is on her way to Phari Dzong where she might halt to meet the Dalai Lama's party, which is following. If her party does not halt for the Dalai Lama's party, her party should be near about Phari by now.

It is not yet known how many people form her party.

**OUR TABULATED ADLETS**

**2 ANNAS PER WORD**

**PLUS advt-tax @ one anna per rupee**

**MINIMUM Rs. 1/8**

***To be paid in advance***

**SITUATIONS VACANT**

**Wanted a Lady Doctor for Sheth** Mangaldass Jeshingbhai Women's Hospital and Shreemati Mangalagauri Maternity Home at Surendranagar (Saurastra). Gujarati knowing M.B.B.S. will be perferred. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum pay expected, with testimonials to Hon. Secretaries. (9353)

**Wanted business minded, Local** and influential provincial organiser having his own accommodation to start office on Rs. 300/- p. m. interview at Calcutta. Investment Rs. 1001/- Apply:— by post. Dhakeswari Motors Ltd. 91, Theatre Road, Calcutta, 17. (9345)

**Wanted men and women to work** in spare time everywhere. Apply Box No. 2313 "Bombay Chronicle."

**EDUCATIONAL ADLETS**

**A New Batch for New Year—** Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for New Classes commencing 3rd January for Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce & c. Tution personal or Postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay.

**Homoeopathy easily learnt Best** postal training to pass the proposed Test for prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore

**LOANS & MORTGAGES**

**Loans arranged on very easy** terms. Apply sharp to: G S. Monga. Ltd. Post Box No. 119, Baroda. (2298)

**MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS**

**Shop at Decora for Italian and** American tapesty fabrics plain and printed everglaze American Chintz Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc. 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)


## PUBLIC NOTICES

**FERTILIZER PROJECT, SINDRI.**

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates of Indian Nationality for one post of Anaesthetist in the scale of Rs. 260-15-440-20-500 plus the usual allowances as admissible and sanctioned by the Government of India from time to time. Private practice not allowed, and higher initial pay may be given to a specially qualified and experienced candidate.

The candidate must be a Medical graduate with special training and experience as an Anaesthetist in a well equipped hospital for at least one year together with general surgical experience of at least one year. The post is temporary but is likely to be made permanent. Age preferably not more than 30 years. Government servants are eligible provided they apply through proper channel. Applications stating date of birth, qualifications and experience, appointment held and salaries drawn against each with copies of testimonials should reach the GENERAL MANAGER, Fertilizer Project, Sindri Distt: Manbhum (Bihar) not later than 7th January, 1951.

No travelling allowance is admissible for interview.

(9332)

**FERTILIZER PROJECT, SINDRI.**

APPLICATIONS are invited from Medical Licentiates of Indian Nationality with Hospital experience of atleast a year in Infectious Diseases Ward of a well equipped Hospital for the post of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon in the scale of Rs. 100-8-140-10-170-EB-10-230 plus allowances as admissible and sanctioned by the Government of India from time to time. Higher initial pay in the scale may be considered in exceptional cases. Private practice allowed provided it does not interfere with Government work. The post is temporary but likely to become permanent. Age should preferably be not more than 28 years. Government servants are eligible provided they apply through proper channel. Applications stating date of birth, qualifications and experience, appointment held and salaries drawn against each with copies of testimonials should reach the General Manager, Fertilizer Project, P. O. Sindri, Distt: Manbhum (Bihar) not later than 3rd January, 1951. Candidates should be prepared to come to Sindri for interview at their own expense

(9342)

## PUBLIC NOTICES

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**
Ministry of Industry and Supply
Iron and Steel Control
33, Netaji Subhas Road,
Calcutta (1).

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED for general information that Public Notices of the Iron and Steel Controller will in future be published in the Gazette of India and the Indian Trade Journal.

A. H. SETHNA.
Deputy Iron and Steel Controller.
Dt. the 23rd December, 1950.

(9351)

**SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY**
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of 450 Tons of Teak Timber for ex-stock very early delivery and will be received in the Office of the Controller of Stores, S. I. Railway, Negapatam, upto 3 p.m. on 12-1-1951 and opened on the same date.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores, S.I. Railway, Negapatam, on payment of Rupees Two in cash or by M.O.

Remittance by any other means will not be accepted. Tender forms will not be sent by V.P.P. and they are not transferable.

(9352)

**NOTICE.**

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of the following materials in quantities mentioned against them during the year 1951-52 to the Government Press at Gaya.

For details please write to the undersigned.

1. Printing Ink Black. 2,000 lbs.
2. Binding cloth. 12,000 yds.
3. Red Tape ½" wide. 1,63,000 yds.
4. Book Binding leather. (28"x24") ... 7,500 pieces
5. White Tape 1" & 3/8" Wide ... 1,40,000 yds.
6. Jaconet Cloth 30" wide ... 1,46,000 yards.

C. P. SHARMA
Deputy Superintendant.
Govt. Printing, Bihar.
I/C Press and Forms, Gaya.

(9349)

**TENDER NOTICE**
NO. PDI-121(40)/51
Government of India,
Ministry of Food (Division II)

DEPUTY DIRECTOR-GENERAL of Food, invites tenders from parties, having experience of foodgrains trade and storage for appointment as Storage Agent for managing Government of India's Foodgrains Storage Godowns at Bombay for a period of one year from 1st March, 1951. Tender forms (not transferable) may be obtained on payment of Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set in cash or by M.O. (cheques will not be accepted) by applying upto 15th January, 1951 to (i) the Deputy Director-General of Food, Ministry of Food, Division II, Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi or (ii) Regional Food Commissioner, Government of India, Combatta Buildings, Bombay, quoting reference to this tender notice number and remitter's full name and address. Last date for receipt of tenders will be 15th January 1951.

(9333)

**DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES, BOMBAY.**

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts at the Tanning Demonstration Centre Satara.

1. Manager in the scale of pay Rs. 140-5-170.

QUALIFICATIONS:—Candidates must have passed the Advanced Course of training at the Govt. Tanning Institute, Bombay and must possess a good diploma. Experience in a tannery will be a further qualification. Candidates must have knowledge of one of the Regional languages. Knowledge of Marathi will be an advantage.

Candidates must not be more than 30 years of age at the time of appointment.

2. Skilled Workmen in the scale of pay Rs. 40-1-50-2-60.

QUALIFICATIONS:— Candidates must have at least 3 years practical experience in modern tannery. Candidates, who have completed the Artisan Course of the Govt. Tanning Institute, Bandra, are eligible. Candidates must have knowledge of one of the Regional languages.

Candidates must not be more than 30 years of age at the time of appointment.

Application forms can be had on request from the Superintendent, Govt. Tanning Institute, Bandra, Bombay 20. The applications in the prescribed forms must reach him before 15th January 1951.

(9346)

# SPLIT IN SIKHS' RANKS DEPLORED

## Baldev Singh's Compromise Suggestion

AMBALA, Dec. 25 (PTI).

SARDAR BALDEV SINGH, Defence Minister of India yesterday said if anybody proved that the action of the Panthic M.L.A.'s in joining the Congress Assembly Party had been detrimental to the interests of the Panth they were prepared to undergo any punishment suggested by the Sikh community.

He was addressing a mammoth gathering of Sikhs at Qatalgarh Gurdwara at Chamkauh Sahib on the occasion of the matrydom anniversary of two sons of Guru Gobind Singh.

Chamkaur Sahib in Ambala District is a place of pilgrimage for the Sikhs. It was here that two sons of the tenth Guru lost their lives while fighting against the Moghul forces in the Eighteenth century.

Regretting splits in the ranks of the Sikhs culminating in the establishment of a rival Shiromani Akali Dal on the issue of directing Panthic M.L.A.'s to quit the Congress, Sardar Baldev Singh said that the members elected on Panthic ticket had joined the Congress Party at the behest of the Shiromani Akali Dal. Had they unanimously directed their recall, they would have abided by their decision. He however reminded the Sikhs that the Congress Government had entrusted a Sikh with the defence portfolio which, he said was next in importance to that of the Prime Ministership

**COMPROMISE**

Sardar Baldev Singh referred to his differences with the politics of Master Tara Singh, the Akali Leader. He suggested the appointment of a five-man committee consisting of Sikhs or non-Sikhs before whom both Master Tara Singh and himself (Sardar Baldev Singh) should place their respective cases. Anybody against whom a verdict of quality was returned by the committee should withdraw from the political field.

He condemned the Akali propaganda that the Sikhs apprehended danger from the Hindus, but at the same time those very persons, he said, were attending the session of the Hindu Mahasabha.

## *PLANE BOUND FOR DELHI DIVERTED*

### *Poor Visibility*

INDORE, Dec. 25, (PTI): Owing to poor visibility the Air Services of India Dakota plane which came here this morning with seven passengers on its way to Delhi, on scheduled service was diverted to Ahmedabad. Bhopal, the nearest airport was also reported "unsafe" for landing.

The plane made another attempt in the afternoon and landed here safely. The plane however, could not proceed further north and therefore, left for Bombay.

## PATIENCE SHOULD BE THE WATCHWORD

### Sheikh Abdullah's Plea To Indian Youth

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25, (UPI): The Jammu and Kashmir Premier Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah advised the youth of the country to guard themselves against all sorts of provocations and think twice before taking any decision

Sheikh Abdullah who was replying to a reception given to him by the Calcutta Yubak Sangh, said that the situation not only in India but in the whole world was very much complicated and a cautious step had to be taken to steer through this crisis. Youths who were the torch-bearers of the nations should guide the people at this hour.

Sheikh Abdullah condemned communalism in any shape or form as it was the worst enemy of the country. The virus of communalism, he said, was injected into the country by British imperialists with an ulterior motive. He asked the people to get rid of this infection and build up a strong secular democratic India where man, irrespective of his caste or creed, would get his due share.

## CALCUTTA ART SCHOOL CLOSED 'SINE DIE'

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25, (UPI): The governing body of the Indian Art School, Calcutta, has decided to close the School 'sine die' following a strike of the students.

The Principal explaining the reasons of the closure of the institution says in a statement:—

"Owing to indiscipline and bad manners on the part of several students the Principal took some disciplinary action. Some of the students started strike, picketed and prevented other students from attending the School and appearing at the annual examination. The governing body had invited some leaders of the strike to meet them and explain their viewpoint, but few did avail of the opportunity. In the present situation, the governing body of the institution has decided to close the institution 'sine die'.

## E. Bengal Enquiry Body

DACCA, Dec. 25, (UPI): The East Bengal Enquiry Commission will, it is understood, submit its report to the Government of East Bengal by the third week of January, 1951. The 85th and last public sitting of the Commission was held on December 21. In all, 510 witnesses including Government witnesses were examined by the Commission.

# PRESS DELEGATION REACHES CAIRO

## Reception By Foreign Minister

CAIRO, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): An Indian Press Delegation, invited over by the Egyptian Foreign Ministry to tour the country, arrived here today.

Led by Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor of "the Amrita Bazar Patrika", Calcutta, the twelve-man Delegation includes Mrs. Violet Alva, Editor of "Begum", Bombay.

Foreign Minister, Ibrahim Farag Bey received the members of the Delegation, after they had signed the King's Abdin Palace register. They will have tea with the Egyptian Press Syndicate this afternoon and later visit Parliament in session.

## HINDU WOMEN MUST UNITE

### Mrs. Gore's Plea At Poona Conference

POONA, December 25 (PTI): Mrs. Girjabai Gore, presiding over the eleventh session of the Hindu Mahila Conference here today, called upon Hindu women to organise themselves under the flag of the organisation and work for the establishment of a true democratic state in the country.

The conference was held in conjunction with the annual session of the Hindu Mahasabha which opened here yesterday.

Mrs. Gore said that the Hindu Mahasabha must contest the coming elections whatever be the results. It might be that in these elections the Sabha representatives might not be returned in large numbers for assuming power to work for a state and society of their conception. But, even if only a few candidates were successful, they could agitate in the legislatures with that end in view.

Mrs. Gore thought time was opportune for non-Congress parties to form a strong opposition front for "freeing the country from Congress despotism"

Miss Sunderbai Bhopatkar, welcoming the delegates appealed to Hindu women to rally round the Hindu Mahasabha flag.

## Memorial For Aurobindo: Ashramite's Appeal

PONDICHERRY, Dec. 25, (UPI): Sri Anilbaran Roy of Sri Aurobindo Ashram has issued the following statement:—

"I have been asked about the proper form of memorial to Sri Aurobindo. The best memorial would be to place on a permanent footing the Ashram he has created at Pondicherry as the centre of his work of transforming the earth consciousness and divising the human race. With Pondicherry as the centre such institution have to be established all over India, and with India as the centre, all over the world. In order that this great work may not be hampered at every step for want of funds I propose that a fund of one crore of rupees, to be known as the Sri Aurobindo Memorial Fund, should be raised. All who want to take part in this great work should send their contributions direct to the Mother, Sri Aurobindo Ashram Pondicherry, South India".

## U.P.'s Entire Rural Areas To Be Electrified

LUCKNOW Dec. 25, (UPI): The electrification of the entire rural areas as part of the U. P. Government's rural reconstruction plan, and the consequent development of industries in villages based on electric power available, is envisaged in the 15-year power development project of the Government.

The power project divides the State into five zones, namely, the Western U. P., covering the areas where power can be available from Ganga-grid; the area where power is available from the Khatima power-house; the area lying north of Ganga and east of Lucknow, the area comprising the districts of Mainpuri, Farrukhaabad Etawah and Fatehpur; and, the area lying south of Yamuna.

The Ganga-grid scheme alone is estimated to command power to the extent of 85,700 Kilowatts.

## Confusion At Jains' Meeting

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25 (PTI).—The Silver Jubilee of the All India Digambar Jain Parishad yesterday urged upon the Jains in India to state "Jain" as their religion in the electoral rolls for the coming general elections. Name of any sect should not be mentioned, the resolution said. The session had to be adjourned till today as confusion was created by a section of the gathering when a resolution was moved favouring entry of Harijans into Jain temples.

Mr. Shrijansh Prasad of Bombay presided over the session.

# 'PATEL DAY' ON DECEMBER 29

## Tandon Calls For Memorial Meetings

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25 (PTI): The Congress President, Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon called upon the people today to observe December 29—the day on which the ashes of Sardar Patel will be immersed at the confluence of the Ganga and the Yamuna at Allahabad—as "Patel Day".

In a statement he says: "It is fitting that this solemn occasion is observed throughout the country by Congressmen and the people generally This may be done by keeping twelve hours' fast from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. on that day, offering individual and mass prayers, organising silent group spinning and holding memorial public meetings.

"The work of organising this "Patel Day" at suitable centres should be earnestly taken by all Congress Committees".

## Kisans Mourn Sardar's Death

UJJAIN, December 25 (UPI): Sardar Vallabbhai Patel's death was mourned by the Kisans at a meeting held here yesterday under the auspieces of the Madhya Bharat Kisan Congress and presided over by Mr. Kanhiyalal D. Vaidya. Glorious tributes were paid to the life and work of Sardar Patel.

The kisans of Malwa also assembled at another meeting held at Narwal under the auspieces of the Madhya Bharat Kisan Congress to mourn the death of Sardar Patel.

## SOVEREIGNTY OVER FRENCH INDIA

### Saravane Amends His Resolution

MADRAS, Dec. 25, (PTI): M Lambert Saravane, French India Deputy in the National Assembbiy, said here today that he had amended his resolution in the Assembly for the transfer of sovereignty over French territories in India "to avoid any constitutional controversies on the question of referendum."

M Saravane said the resolution was at present under scrutiny of the "rapporteur" of the Overseas Territories Commission of the National Assembly. He expected it to come up before the Assembly in its next session early 1951.

M Saravane stated that an influential section of public opinion was favourin his proposal. Journals like "Combat" and "Figaro" had written in favour of his resolution. Therefore M Sravane was optimistic about the outcome of his motion.

A majority of the Assembly was in favour of an amnesty being granted to persons convicted in the Mahe incident. He expected a favourable decision on the question when the French Overseas Territory Minister returned from Madagascar where he was at present.

M Saravane arrived here this afternoon by air from Paris.

## POSTAL WORKERS' GRIEVANCES

### Mr. Khurshed Lal On Government's Policy

MONGHYR, Dec. 25, (PTI): Mr. Khurshed Lal, Deputy Minister for Communications said yesterday postal workers could take all "legitimate" steps for improving their service conditions keeping in mind that those steps did not obstruct the consideration of the country's freedom.

The Minister who was inaugurating the State Post and Telegraph Workers' Union meeting here also assured Government's readiness to meet their demands as far as "their (government's) limited resources permitted."

"The strain that has been put on the resources of the Government to solve the problems arising out of the partition of the country should not be overlooked. The country has become free only very recently and the short period of independence may not be enough to meet all demands from all sides," he said.

## *Abu: Bone Of Contention*

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Dec. 25.

Organised attempts are being made to spoil efforts made by Sardar Patel to create Mahaguljarat including Saurashtra, Cutch and Abu, it is reported. A Minister of the Rajasthan Government is said to have started propaganda against Abu being linked with Banaskantha.

## MILLIONAIRE UNDER DETENTION

BHATINDA, Dec. 25 (PTI): A millionaire of Bhatinda has been detained by the PEPSU police under the Preventive Detention Act. He is the sixth merchant to be arrested during the last week in pursuance of the PEPSU Government's drive against profiteers and hoarders.

## Policeman Commits Suicide

BELGAUM, Dec. 25: The head constable stationed in the local sub-jail from where the notorious dacoit Yamanya with is associates escaped throwing dust in the eyes of the police, reported the incident to the higher police authorities and later committed suicide it is understood.

## Vyshinsky Back In Moscow

LONDON, December 25 (PTI-Reuter): M. Andrei Vyshinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, returned to Moscow yesterday from New York, where he has been attending the United Nations General Assembly meetings, Moscow Radio reported.

# DOUBLE YOUR SPEED OF READING

## 3 EASY LESSONS FOR GREATER EFFICIENCY

**LAST year at Missouri College, a mathematics student decided he needed to get a course or two outside his field that would widen his interests a little. He signed up for a course in World Classics, but after taking about five hours to read the first assignment, a normal 150-page one, he dropped the course. He was simply unable to read well enough, writes Jeffrey Fleece in 'Varsity'.**

Such cases appear regularly in high schools and colleges all over the country. Many people of all ages have wasteful reading habits which make even recreational reading a chore for them.

There are two kinds of people who can profit greatly from an increase in reading speed—those who like to read and those who do not. Most of us fall into both classes at different times, depending on whether we are reading a sports page or a textbook in a course we do not like. In either case, speed is an asset.

In the first place, the smooth, rapid reader does not have to work so hard at it. Just as it is more fun to swim when you get past the point of struggling to stay on top of the water, once you learn to be a skillful reader, you will enjoy reading more.

And the advantage of fast reading will help to broaden your horizons. As your reading speeds up, you will have time to read two interesting magazine articles instead of just one in the half-hour before going to sleep. The more reading you do, the more you will want to do and the more you will be capable of doing well.

Just as in developing a skillful crawl stroke, a certain minimum of knowledge must precede intelligent practice. With reading, two physical factors and one mental one must be understood before you can begin to progress.

### Eye-Movements

The most important physical factor is the movement of your eyes. Like a poor swimmer who flails arms and legs furiously without going anywhere, many readers make all kinds of wrong movements with their eyes which actually slow down their reading speeds. Investigators of reading skills have, by taking pictures of a reading eye in motion, found that your eyes do not move smoothly across a page when you read. You are almost blind when your eye-balls are actually in motion. You read by jerks and stops, and it is only during the stops that you see the words. A fast reader will make swift, efficient jerks and in his briefer stops he will see more words.

The second physical factor is called vocalization. We make fun of "lip-readers," but a surprisingly large amount of slow reading is caused by wasteful movements of the lips, tongue, or Adam's apple.

If you find you do vocalize, you can minimize the movements rapidly by applying opposing pressure. In your normal reading, to oppose movement of the:

Lips—hold the lips firmly together with just a little pressure.

Tongue—spread your tongue wide and clench its sides and tip between your teeth tightly enough so that it cannot move.

Adam's apple—rest your hand lightly on your Adam's apple as you read so that you will notice any bobbing movement.

### Next Problem

Here are a few suggestions about the psychological factor in slow reading, which is concerned mostly with the reading we do not want to do. A poor reader's mind is more easily distracted from what he is doing than a good one's. As his eyes move down the page, seeing words, his mind wanders away to daydream or follow some other distraction.

We are most easily distracted when we are least interested. A trick for keeping your interest high is to keep a question mark about your reading eternally in your mind. Make up questions as you go along, then go searching to find whether the author answers them. As you track down the answers, you may even be surprised to find that the book has some kick to it after all.

Beyond this general advice, you will need some hours of serious practice, following these instructions closely.

### Three Exercises

The three exercises here make use of as little equipment as possible. At first you may feel that you are straining your eyes, just as a swim may make you sore early in the season. Stop when you get tired. Do not worry about doing permanent harm to your eyes.

*EQUIPMENT NEEDED:* A section of a newspaper and a red or blue pencil. Down every column of type, draw two vertical lines, one and a half inch from each margin of the type.

*PURPOSE:* To develop regular, efficient eye-movements and wider vision during the stops, when you actually read.

*PROCEDURE:* Read a news story, concentrating on centring your focus on the places where the red lines cross the type. You should be able to look at one crossing place and see half the type on a line, then move to the next and see the rest.

At first do not worry about whether you are getting anything out of the story you read. You will be busy thinking about your eyes. Above all, DO NOT GO BACK.

*TIME:* Perform this exercise for about five minutes at a time when you start. As it becomes easier, spend a little more time on it.

*SPEED:* Accuracy and co-ordination are more important than speed. Speed up gradually, striving to make the movements automatic, until you can really read a whole column of type in less than two minutes.

### Exercise 2

*EQUIPMENT:* Some regular reading matter you like and a friend or relative who will co-operate.

*PURPOSE:* To stretch yourself to the fastest, most efficient reading you are capable of.

*PROCEDURE:* This is a game with two contestants. The first contestant gets the page for three minutes, timed by his opponent. He reads as much of it as he can. Then the other reads for three minutes. Next, each contestant asks the other five questions about the reading material covered. A point is counted for each question that the asker can answer but the opponent cannot.

*TIME:* This game will be valuable as long as it holds interest. If possible, arrange a session at a given time each day.

*SPEED:* The sky's the limit, but remember you are trying to find answers as well as questions to ask.

### Exercise 3

*EQUIPMENT:* A book you are interested in which can be marked up.

Make a red check mark at the top left corner of every tenth page. Count the total number of words on each of three pages of average density, and from that, figure the number of words in an average ten-page section. Multiply that figure by sixty and record the answer in the front of the book.

*PURPOSE:* To increase your speed in your regular, normal reading.

*PROCEDURE:* These are timed exercises. Write the time down in the corner of the page you are on, read until you come to another red mark, then see how many seconds it took you to read ten pages. Divide this figure into the number written in the front of the book and record the answer—which is your rate in words per minute.

*TIME:* Do not work at this exercise more than ten minutes at a time, nor more than twice a day. It is very hard—you will not be doing it right unless you feel uncomfortable—but it is well worth the time put in on it. If you can stand to go through two or three books in this manner, your comfortable reading speed will increase tremendously.

*SPEEDS:* Less than two hundred words per minute is very slow reading. A good reader will be able to read normal prose at six hundred words per minute and not be panting at the end of ten pages. A really fast reader may read easy fiction twice that fast.

## W. Punjab Still In Grip Of Cold Spell

LAHORE, Dec. 25 (UPI): An unprecedented cold wave has been sweeping over the whole of West Punjab for the last few days.

In the capital itself the minimum temperature, continuing at below freezing point for the fourth day today, has set a record in the living memory of its inhabitants. According to the local weather office, there is no likelihood of the cold spell letting up during the next 24 hours.

Multan, which has been in the grip of a cold spell for the last few days, recorded yesterday a temperature of 27 degrees F—the lowest of the city on record. In Lahore, the temperature was 30.7 degrees, whereas in Rawalpindi it was 26 degrees yesterday.

The fall in temperature resulting in severe frost, has done some damage to crops in certain districts of the Province.

## Snowfall In Mussoorie

MUSSOORIE, Dec. 25, (PTI): Mussoorie had its first snowfall of the year today.

Nearly an inch of snow has fallen so far and the weather is cloudy and chilly.

Heavy snowfall is reported from the adjoining hills of Chakrata, Nagateeba, Tehri Hills and the Bunder-Punch snowrange.

## RULERS UNION MEETS IN CITY

### Agenda Drafted

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Council of the Union of Rulers met here this evening to draft the agenda for their two day conference commencing here tomorrow. The Maharaja of Baroda, Chairman of the Council presided.

The Council discussed "the fast deteriorating "international situation and the rulers present exchanged views. Earlier the Council expressed "deep sorrow" at the death of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Resolutions incorporating the views of the Council on the international situation and the contribution they should make to strengthen the hands of the Government of India in meeting any eventually will be discussed by the conference tomorrow.

The rulers of Dholpur, Jodhpur, Kolhapur Dewas (Jr.), Dungarpur, Lunawada, Dhrol, Sandur, Patna and Alwar and the Raja of Bilaspur, Secretary of the Union, attended the Council meeting today.

**FRENCH ENVOY:** General Jean De Lattre De Tassigny, French High Commissioner in Indo-China was spending Christmas 'Eve amongst French troops in North Tonking, near the frontline of the war in Indo-China, the French News Agency reported from Hanoi.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

## CITY & SUBURBS

### TODAY

Hindu: Magsar Vad 2, 2007.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 16,1370.
Parsi: Tir 5, 1320.
Sunrise 7-9 a.m., Sunset 6-9 p.m.
Hightide 01-30, 13-00.
Lowtide 07-42, 1902.

### *Domestic Occurrence*

DEATH

JAIRAZBHOY REHMETBAI WIDOW OF JAIRAZBHOY PEERBHOY, of Rehmet Manzil, Churchgate Street Extension, Bombay at 11 p.m. 25th December. Funeral at 10-30 a.m. 26th.

### *Today's Engagements*

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Lecture by Dr. S. G. Panandikar on "Colombo Plan", Anandashram Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, 5-30 p.m.

SOUTH INDIAN EDUCATION SOCIETY: Annual sports, Indian Gymkhana Ground, Brahmanwada Road, Matunga. Mr. S. K. Patil will preside and distribute prizes.

RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ: Discourse in English on "Bhagwan Ramana and his Philosophy" by Dr. M. Hafiz Syed, Professor of Oriental Philosophy, Allahabad University, Bhuta Nivas, Matunga 8-30 p.m

PRIZE DAY: Annual prize distribution aboard training ship "Dufferin", Mr. G. V. Mavlankar will preside, 3-30 p.m.

VILE PARLE YOUTH LEAGUE: Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Youth League, Mr. D. N. Pritt, K.C., ex-M.P. will deliver a speech on "We can prevent war" on Tuesday 26th inst. at 10-15 a.m. at the Rashtriya School Hall, Bajaj Road, Vile Parle.

## CITY CELEBRATES CHRISTMAS

### Note Of Restrained Enthusiasm

BOMBAY, Monday.

Christmas was ushered in by Bombay's Christian population with restrained ethusiasm, the accent on this festive occasion being more on prayer than feasting.

Prohibition, scarcity of sugar and other consumer goods, and high prices of fruit, fish and meat, acted as a damper on most persons, who were content to just exchange greetings and go to churches.

As the sirens went off at midnight, innumerable church bells chimed, and thousands of gaily dressed men and women belonging to the Catholic faith, trooped in into churches.

The biggest attendance was at the Cooperage Maidan, where a special pandal had been constructed, and a magnificent altar set up.

Today being Christmas day, all offices were closed.

### Consumers' Society

PANVEL, Dec. 25: A branch of the Bombay State Consumers' Co-operative Society was inaugurated here on Saturday by Mr. Appasaheb Vedak Mr. Sheth, director of Purchases also attended. This is the first branch of its type in the Bombay State excluding Bombay, it was stated.—H S.


*A Rare Opportunity*

**A feast of colour full Rajasthan Music songs and Dances.**

(Classical and Folk)

**Presented by Vidya Bhavan Kala Mandal in aid of a deserving cause, i.e. Educational institutions managed by Vidya Bhavan Udaipur, Rajasthan.**

AT

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN

**CHOWPATTY.**

On SUNDAY the 7th January 1951.

Two shows at 9-30 A.M. & 6-30 P.M.

Rates of Admission:
**Rs. 15/-, Rs. 10/-, Rs. 5/- & Rs. 3/-**

Booking open at:
Vidya Bhavan from today between 8-30 A.M. to 10-30 A.M. 5-30 P.M. to 7-30 P.M.

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PACKED TO FULL CAPACITY!
A. R. KARDAR'S
DASTAN Music Naushad
RAJ KAPOOR. SURAIYA. VEENA
LIBERTY Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 Plans Open 10 to 8.


## TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, Dec. 26.

BBC NEWS

METRE BANDS: 7-30 a.m. 25, 31 and 41; 9-30 a.m.—19, 25; 11-30 a.m. 13 and 19; 12-30 p.m. 13 and 19; 4-30 p.m.—13 and 16; 6-30 p.m. 13 and 19 9-30 p.m.—13, 16 and 25.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

English: 8-0, 13-30, 18-0, 21-0; Hindi: 8-15, 13-40, 18-10, 21-15; Urdu: 9-0, Punjabi: 8-30 20-15. Bengali: 7-30, 12-50, 19-30; Tamil: 7-15, 14-0, 19-15; Telugu: 7-0, 13-50, 19-45, Malayalam: 7-30 19-30; Marathi: 8-30, 12-50, 20-00. Gujerati: 8-45, 13-0, 20-15.

BOMBAY

244 m.—07-40 Prog., 07-45 Hindi lessons, G. 08-15 R. V. Jadhav, Emnibilawal, 12-00 T. Sharma, madhmad sarang and jhumri, 12-30 Avdabai Sangekar, Sawant Sarang, 12-50 A. Navsariwala, G. songs, 13-10 S. Parsekar, violin, 13-40 Music of Beethoven, 17-30 A Sheth, G. songs, 17-45 R. V. Jadhav, thumri, 18-10 S. Parsekar, violin, 18-30 Avdabai Sangekar, gauri, 19-00 A. Navsariwala, G songs, 19-00 Locals, 19-20 A. Sheth, G. songs, 19-30 T. Sharma, Jaijaiwanti, 19-45 For industrial workers, 20-30 Air artist, "Punamni aspas", 21-15 A. Navsariwala, G. songs, 21-30 Marzban and Clarke, "side by side", 21-45 Capt. M. J. B. Maneckji, "On the home front," 22-00 "Side by side", contd.

VARIATIONS—353 m., 07-30 Mangal Prabhat, 09-00 Azimkhan, sitar, 08-45 G. D. Mehendale, M. songs, 11-0 Mile Jule Gane, 13-00 Air artist, abhang, 13-30 Parsekar, violin, 13-50 R. V. Jadhav, surmalhar, 17-30 For children, HU, 18-00 G. D. Mehendale, abhang, 18-20 For villages in M, and at 18-50 in K., 19-30 Commercial news, 20-15 Hindi lessons 20-30 R. G. Sardesai, sports Review, G 20-45 Y. D. Bhave, poetry recitation, M. 21-00 Radhabai Rao, K. songs, 21-30 Film songs, 22-00 S. Parsekar, violin.

AHMEDABAD

326.1 m.—08-15 M. Rawal, bhajans, 08-30 Aradhana, 18-20 As in Baroda, 18-30 M. Rawal, bhajans, 18-45 Samooh geets, 19-00 Hindi lessons, 19-15 M. Sarabhai G Talk "Shak bhaji", 19-30 For industrial workers, 20-00 Locals, 20-05 M. Rawal, bhajans, 20-30 Air artist, Vadya Dwanda, 20-45 M. Rawal, bhajans, 21-15 K. C. Dey, 21-30 As in Baroda, 21-45 As in Bombay.

BARODA

250 m.—08-15 H. Bhajans, 08-30 S. Mehta, B, todi, 18-20 B. Thaker, flute, 18-30 For rural listeners, 19-00 Hindi lessons. 19-15 As in Ahmedabad. 19-30 B. Thaker, flute, 19-45 S. Mehta, Kedara, 20-00 G. geets, 20-10 Locals, 20-30 Film geets, 21-15 S. Mehta, Shudh Kalyan, 21-30 Radio Orch., 21-45 As in Bombay.

RADIO CEYLON

19.84, 25.05, 41.72 m.—7-15 a.m. It's a Good Day, 7-30 BBC News, 7-45 Star of Today, 8-00 "Your Choice" Request Programme, 9-00 River Bandit, 9-30 Singing Cocktail, 9-45 Rhythm with a Swing, 10-00 Round-Up Time, 10-15 On the Keys, 10-30 Crime Gentlemen Please. 11-00 Hindi Programmes, 12-00 noon Music for lunch, 12-30 p.m. Music, 5-00 Hindi Programme. 7-00 Dinner Music (Aperitif), 7-15 Dr. Mac. 7-30 Personality Parade, 8-00 Make Believe Ballroom, 8-30 The Curzon Case, 9-00 Dance Time, 9-30 Dance Time. 10-00 The Day is Ending.

## 60 HOUSES GUTTED AT MANIVLI

### Congressmen Render Aid To Villagers

(From Our Own Correspondent)
KALYAN, Dec. 24.

A public meeting of the Citizens Kalyan was held under the auspices of the Kalyan City Congress Committee to mourn the death of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. V. W. Phadke presided. The speakers including Messrs. K. G. Kerson (Congress), G. K. Phadke, (Hindu Mahasabha) S. J. Bapat (Socialist) Dr. Mrs. Krishnabai Phadke, Mahila Sabha and others paid tributes to the departed leader who had sacrificed everything for India's freedom.

Members of the local Andhra Association also met in their Association premises and passed a condolence resolution.

**FIRE AT MANIVLI**

Last weekend, fire broke out in Village Manivli in Kalyan Taluka. The fire spread quickly and over 60 houses were gutted. The Villagers were without shelter. When the news of fire reached Kaylan, the Mamlatdar Mr. M. R. Shah and the City Congress Committee President, Dr. V. W. Phadke rushed to the village. With the help of some Congressmen of this place, they raised a fund of Rs. 500/- and distributed it to the sufferers. It is also understood that the Collector of Thana has granted a sum of Rs. 2,000/- from the Fire Relief Fund to the villagers. Kambalis and Sarees were distributed to the sufferers. It is understood that the total loss is estimated to be over Rs. 60,000/-.

While the Mamlatdar and City Congress President were returning from the Manivli Village, they saw another fire in the city. a Motor garage was gutted. The Chief officer, Kalyan Municipality and the Kalyan Home Guards and others brought the fire under control after a few hours.

The cause of the fire is not known.

### Rajasthan M Ps Meet Nehru

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25, (UPI): A deputation consisting of three Rajasthan M.P.s Shri Manikya Lal Verma, Shri Raj Bahadur and Shri Gokul Lal Asawa and Shri Jugal Kishore Chaturvedi, General Secretary of the Rajashan Provincial Congress Committee met Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru and apprised him of the situation obtaining in Rajasthan.

A couple of hours before this, Shri JJai Narain Vyas, President of the Rajasthan Provincial Congress Committee, also met the Prime Minister separately.

# *DEMOCRATIC ROLE OF LANGUAGE PAPERS*

## *Diwakar's Address To Kannada Journalists*

BOMBAY, Monday.

THE importance of the role of Indian language papers in shaping the future of this country and defending the democratic principles on which the Indian Republic was based was emphasised by Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister for State and Information and Broadcasting to the Government of India, in the course of his address to the sixth Kannada Journalists' Conference held at University School of Economics today.

Mr. Diwakar, who spoke in Kanarese, told Kannada Journalists assembled there that they faced difficult days ahead. But, being himself one of the old-time workers in the field of Kannada journalism, he could tell them they had to face these difficulties with courage and fortitude and rise to the occasion to serve the nation. In free India, he said, Indian language papers bore greater responsibility to mould public opinion on every important issue. English papers did not reach the masses as language papers did, and, therefore, they should bear in mind that they had a moral duty to discharge their obligation to the people. "If democracy means Government of the people, by the people, and for the people, journalism in democracy must also mean the propagation of Truth without fear or favour in dignified language for the benefit of the people without corrupting their taste," he added.

**OBLIGATION**

The Information Minister, who also spoke in English for about five minutes, said: "During the struggle for freedom as well as after the advent of freedom, the people's interest in men and events is on increase and it is only newspapers, particularly, language papers that can satisfy their thirst for information. Kannada journalists should bear in mind that they have an obligation to the readers when they write on any aspect of human affairs."

Mr. H. R. Moharay, Managing Editor of the "Samyukta Karnatak" of Hubli, presiding over the conference said that after the advent of independence, the regional languages were slowly gaining in importance, since "these papers have been assured of a dignified and just place in the administration of our country."

"Kannada journalism," he said, "has to shoulder very heavy responsibilities in bringing about the political, economic and cultural uplift of Karnatak. Our ideal of unification of Karnatak still remains unfulfilled. The legitimate status due to us has not yet been given to us in all-India politics."

He also uttered a note of warning against the unhealthy tendencies creeping in public life of "unseemly wrangles over places of power and prestige actuated by ill-will, malice and grudge against the people of other communities, provinces and individuals." He told Kannada journalists that they had a vital role to play in "purifying our public life and make it an ideal for others to emulate."

**GLORIOUS FUTURE**

Mr. Moharay thought that Kannada journalism had a "bright and glorious future" and he told Kannada journalists to work hard so as to take their rightful place as leaders of public opinion in free India. He, however, asked "his younger friends in the profession" not to be led by false glamour of going abroad for studies in journalism without some practical experience in that field in India itself.

He said that it should be the endeavour of all journalists in this country to inspire people to follow the right path and serve the country.

Earlier, Kannada Women's Conference was held at Cowasji Jehangir Hall presided over by Mrs. Jayadevibai Ligade.

## IMPOSE PAGE-PRICE CONTROL

### Language Newspaper Association's Plea

BOMBAY, Monday: The Indian Languages Newspapers Association has suggested re-introduction of statutory price-page control "in order to economise and conserve the available newsprint and safeguard the interests of newspapers, particularly of small ones."

The Association, at its annual general meeting on Saturday, appointed a Sub-Committee to recommend "a concerted plan of action" to safeguard the Indian newspapers in respect of newsprint, selling price, advertisement rates, price-page schedule and other connected problems. A system of collective purchase of newsprint and its distribution at average price on an equitable basis was suggested.

The following office bearers were elected for 1950-51:—President: Shri A R Bhat ("Kesari"), Poona; Vice-Presidents: Shri Lal Deshbandhu Gupta ("Tej") Delhi; Shri Shantilal H Shah ("Janmabhoomi") Bombay, and P D Dhavle ("Maharashtra"), Nagpur.

General Secretaries:—Shri Haribhau M Joshi ("Lokshakti") Poona, and Shri Keshavlal M Shah ("Pravasi") Bombay.

### WRECKAGE SALVAGING IS DIFFICULT

#### Air-India's Statement

MADRAS, Dec. 25 (PTI): The Air-India authorities in a statement today said that the personal belongings so far salvaged of the passengers and the crew of the illfated plane which crashed near Kil Koatgiri on December 13 had been taken into police custody. After establishing their identity, claims from bona fide relatives or their attorneys for those belongings would be settled.

The statement added: "Air-India will do everything possible to expedite proper disposal of the belongings recovered".

Expressing regret over the accident the authorities said: "The bodies of the 16 passengers and the four crew could not be identified as they were all in a mutilated and disintegrated state beyond recognition. The question of removing the bodies for performing obsequies was impossible and, therefore, the Government authorities decided to cremate on the spot whatever parts of the bodies tat could be found among the debris".

### Mr. Purshottomdas Tandon

AGRA, Dec. 25 (UPI): Shri Purshottamdas Tandon, President of the Indian National Congress, arrived here this afternoon from Delhi. After Bagh, he left for Kutah. Afte rstay-Bagh, he left for Kutah.

He will leave Kotah for Allahabad on December 27 to attend the "asthi immersion ceremony" of Sardar Patel at the confluence of the Ganges and the Jumna to be performed on December 29.

### MONEY DISAPPEARS: 3 BOYS SEIZED

GAUHATI, Dec. 25 (UPI): Three boys have been arrested in connection with the recent disappearance of a sum of Rs. 5,000 from the verandah of the Government Treasury.

An agent of a tea estate, it is stated, cashed a draft and was talking to the armed sentry. A few minutes later, he found his bag missing.

## 5 Seriouly Hurt In City Fire

BOMBAY, Monday.

Five men were seriously injured and hospitalized at 1-30 p.m. today when the power house of the Century Mills Limited at Worli caught fire. Three fire engines of the Fire Brigade at Shivaji Park were rushed to the spot. The fire was brought under control but not before the five were injured. They were removed to a hospital.

The cause of the fire is not known. The ffre-fighting operations had not ended when going to press.

### STABBED TO DEATH

BOMBAY, Monday.

Shaikh Bannu Shaikh Gulab was stabbed by some unknown persons on Foras Road last night, the Nagpada police reported.

He was put in a hack victoria and was removed to the J. J. Hospital but died before admission.

The body bore one stab wound on the left side near the chest. His clothes were full of blood.

### VACCINATION WORK INTENSIFIED

#### Low Smallpox Incidence

BOMBAY, Monday.

The incidence of small-pox showed an appreciable fall in the Bombay State, during the week ended December 16 the figures for the week being 33 cases and 11 deaths as against 165 cases and three deaths reported in the previous week and 235 cases and 55 deaths revised. Vaccination work was intensified in all the affected and threatened areas.

During the week under report, cholera took a toll of 41 lives, while the State continued to be free from plague

### Theft Near Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 25: A gang forced their entry into a house in Kalupur early this morning and decamped with articles worth more than Rs. 45,000. It was later found that three safes were broken open. The miscreants have not been traced so far.

### Agricultural Economists To Confer

LUCKNOW Dec. 25, (PTI): Eminent agricultural economists of India and Government experts will meet here from tomorrow at the eleventh session of the Agricultural Economic Conference to consider rural economic problems. Dr. T G Shirname will preside.

The three-day conference which will be inaugurated by Mr. Homi Modi, Governor of Uttar Pradesh will discuss the system of fixation of prices of agricultural food products and will draw up rural development programme.

## Cold Wave Hits Surat

### MERCURY DROPS TO 49 DEGREES F.

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Dec. 25.

Gujerat is in the grip of a severe cold wave for the last two days and crops have been damaged by frost in some places.

SURAT: Surat which is the grip of a cold wave for the past five days experienced one of the coldest nights on Christmas night.

The temperature at 8 a.m. today was 48 degrees.

### Piercing Cold Winds And Snowfall In Simla

SIMLA: Heavy snow fall, the first of the winter season, heralded the dawn of Christmas Day in Simla. About two-and half inches was recorded here till this morning.

The cedar-wooded 8,000-feet high hills of Mashobra, Haraera and Kufri, registered about six inches of snowfall.

The fall was preceded by piercingly cold winds sweeping the town and the neighbouring hills.

The temperature this morning dropped down to two degrees below freezing point.

## THUNDERSHOWERS IN CENTRAL INDIA

### All-India Weather

POONA, Dec. 25, (PTI): The following is the daily all-India weather summary for Monday, December 25, 1950:—

The low pressure area over south Gujarat and north Deccan (Desh) lies this morning oevr west Madhya Pradesh and is shallow. It may weaken and move north-eastwards. In association with it, there have been widespread thundershowers in Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Bharat, Vindhya Pradesh and west Madhya Pradesh A few showers have also been reported from north-west Hyderabad and Tamilnad.

Night temperatures were 6-12 degrees F. below normal in north Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Kutch and north Gujarat. Temperatures reached freezing point or below in north-west Rajasthan.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL TUESDAY EVENING:—Thundershowers will be widespread in east Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh and occur locally in west Uttar Pradesh, north-east Madhya Pradesh, Chota Nagpur, south Bihar, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, north Assam, south Tamilnad and Travancore-Cochin. A few showers may also occur in Madhya Bharat, north-west Madhya Pradesh and the Punjab (India).

Night temperatures will fall in the Konkan, south Gujarat and Deccan (Desh).

EARTHQUAKE REPORT: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin with epicentre about 1,250 miles away from Poona, was recorded by the seismographs in the meteorological office, Poona at 10 hours 10 minutes I.S.T. on Sunday, December 24, 1950.

The following is the daily all-India weather chart:—

| | Tem. Mx. | Tem. Mn. | Rainfall | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad | 79 | 46 | 0 | 0 | — |
| Ahmednagar | 84 | 60 | 0 | 1.6 | —1.9 |
| Allahabad | 67 | 57 | 0.5 | 0.7 | —2.3 |
| Bangalore | 77 | 60 | 0 | 14.2 | +5.3 |
| Baroda | 79 | 44 | 0 | 0 | —2.6 |
| Belgaum | 83 | 59 | 0 | 8.4 | +1.8 |
| BOMBAY | 82 | 65 | 0 | 1.4 | —1.7 |
| Calcutta | 87 | 63 | 0 | 15.8 | +10.3 |
| Delhi | 66 | 43 | 0 | 0 | —0.8 |
| Hyderabad (Dn.) | 83 | 61 | 0 | 2.1 | —1.8 |
| Madras | 83 | 69 | 0 | 11.8 | —190 |
| Mahableshwar | 73 | 59 | 0 | 0 | +0.6 |
| Mysore | 82 | 60 | 0 | 7.5 | —1.5 |
| Nagpur | 84 | 58 | 0 | 0.5 | —2.9 |
| Patna | 69 | 69 | 0 | 0 | —2.8 |
| Poona | 87 | 60 | 0 | 2.8 | —1.9 |
| Sholapur | 87 | 62 | 0 | 3.0 | —107 |
| Simla | 45 | 25 | 0.3 | 0.7 | —2.0 |
| Surat | — | 49 | 0 | 0 | —1.9 |

### MAHARASHTRA BRANCH OF I.N.T.U.C. MEETS

(From Our Correspondent.)
KALYAN, Dec. 25.

The annual conference of the Maharashtra Provincial National Trade Union Congress was held at Ambarnath yesterday under the Presidentship of Mr. Channusingh of Sholapur. About two hundred delegates from all over Maharashtra attended the Conference besides several hundred visitors. Prominent among those present were Mr. Naik-Nimbalkar, Labour Minister. Bombay Government, Shri Bhausaheb Hirey, President, M.P.C.C., Shri Shankar Rao Deo, former General-Secretary, A.I.C.C. and others.

Following office bearers were elected for the new year.

Mr. Vasant Rao Naik-President; Mr. P. V. Paranjpe, Mr. D. L. Badvadekar, Vice-Presidents; Mr. H. R. Kolte, Mr. M. K. Ostwal, General Secretaries.

Mr. Devakinandan: Treasurer.

A Managing Committee of 27 members including Mr. Channusingh, former President and Mr. S. G. Athavle was elected.

### Sardar's Ashes To Be Taken From Bombay On Dec. 27

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Dahyabhai Patel and Miss Maniben Patel will carry the ashes of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to Prayag to be immersed at the confluence of the Ganga and the Jamna, on December 29. They will leave Bombay on December 27 by the Saurashtra Express.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President, and other office-bearers of the B. P. C. C. will gather at the Bombay Central Station to pay thier last respects to the mortal remains of the Sardar.


*FREEDOM FROM FOREIGN BREAD*

10% of our food supplies is lost through destruction by weevils and pests and the depredation of monkeys and wild animals. Give them no quarter!

10% is lost through non-observance of one non-cereal day.

OBSERVE MONDAY AS A NON-CEREAL DAY

*STOP ALL WASTE*

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The Bombay Chronicle

## ECHOES FROM DREAMLAND

The call of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar to the Congress to "emerge out of the dreamland" can be addressed with far more urgency to himself and his colleagued in the Hindu Mahasabha which seems to be determined to sink in a night-marish quagmire of its own making. Dr. Khare has always been noted for the vitriolic outbursts of a frustrated politician, but his performance at Poona is the climax in his campaigns for causes that deserve to lose. From start to finish his presidential address is a tirade against the Congress which is understandable in a man who was forced to leave the organisation where he was once in a position of power and prestige, but his fulminations against Pakistan, his diatribe against the Delhi Pact and his imbecile essay in foreign policy are equalled only by his approach to Nepal in short-sightedness.

Dr. Khare has started by swearing by the Constitution for his right to preach the reconquest of Pakistan. It is a great favour, no doubt, to the makers of the Constitution that it should command the allegiance of even Dr. Khare, but how is the doctor going to achieve his threatened mission? Battle-drums do not win wars, however well ornamented they may be. Perhaps the doctor was tilting his lance at the windmill to win the favours of the electorate. But past experience must have shown this stalwart of the Sabha that jingoism has not paid its way at least in India, and even in areas where the Sabha influence is said to be predominant, it has lost elections even though its campaign was accompanied by the deafening noise of the war-drum. Of course he does not realise the consequences to India of any war of reconquest.

Dr. Khare's reading of the results of the Nehru-Liaquat Pact shows that he is not worried over-much by cold facts. He obviously hopes that an audience emotionally worked up will not stoop to study prosaic things liks statistics, but fortunately all India is not a Mahasabha platform; there are thinking people who have not surrendered their judgment, and to them the statements made from time to time by responsible leaders of the country in Parliament supported by figures of actual migration between the two Bengals carries more weight.

Dr. Khare has drawn a parallel between South Africa and Pakistan and has asked the Government of India to act towards her neighbour in the same way as she has done towards South Africa. Apart from the fact that there is no parallel between the two instances cited, Dr. Khare must have realised, especially after the devaluation deadlock, how interdependent the two economies are. Much of the existing friction—fortunately it is gradually subsiding—can be traced to economic causes, what with one country producing jute which it cannot sell and another country closing its mills for lack of jute. Sind, it was recently stated, was frantically searching for foreign markets to dispose of its surplus rice; it would not have looked beyond India if all had been well between the two countries. India's foreign policy is based on peace, especially with our neighbours and that is why Mr. Nehru has been insisting on a joint no war declaration.

Dr. Khare's complaint that India has been "bled white for Kashmir" is a strange commentary on his loudly proclaimed determination to get back what was once India's. Here at least, one would have thought, was something that would have won the doctor's approbation —the gallant fight against odds to ward off an aggressor. But Dr. Khare is too much of an interested partisan to praise anything which the other party has done. His statement that the move to convene a Constituent Assembly for Kashmir would be tantamount to a de facto recognition of Pakistan's authority over the raider-occupied territory looks like legal quibbling and is a naive attempt at denying the people of Kashmir their right. India has always insisted that Kashmir will be with India only if the people want it. This has been India's reply to the mischievous campaign that since Kashmir is a "Muslim" country, it must, ipso facto, go to Pakistan. By lifting the issue out of the religious morass, India has been true to her traditions as Secular Democracy. It must be remembered and repeated that Hyderabad and Junagadh are with India because the people willed it so. That there were Muslim rulers over Hindu subjects is only a historical accident. By its own declarations about "Hindu Rashtra", the Mahasabha has no face to claim Kashmir for India, and its jingoism is only playing into the hands of communal agitators in Pakistan.

The Mahasabha's attitude on Nepal shows where its real sympathies are. The hardly concealed contempt for "commoners" betrays an eagerness to please feudal barons, and the Sabha's vested interest in maintaining an autocracy. Dr. Khare has tried to raise the Red Bogey in Nepal and has asked us to take heed from events in Tibet. If anything, the Communist infiltration into Tibet underlines the necessity of winning over the confidence of the people of Nepal, and the Ranas of that little kingdom can never hope to do it by repression. The realistic approach of the Government of India stands in strong contrast to the outpourings of the Sabha chief.

On the whole, Dr. Khare has shown that the Sabha is interested in one thing only: throw mud at the Congress and at the Government and damn the consequences. That these silly and irresponsible outpourings might be exploited by people not so well disposed to India does not seem to worry the Sabha leader the least.

## Sugar Confusion

The Government of India have, in a press note tried to remove the confusion into which their sugar policy had been plunged and to clarify their plans under that policy. No factory, the press note declares, will be permitted to sell sugar in the open market until it achieves its individual target production. The minimum target of total sugar production set is one million tons. Only excess of production over one million tons will be allowed for sale in the open market. Thus we will have, when production exceeds one million tons, two kinds of sugar available in the country, one under ration at the fixed price and the other at any price. The press note further states that the allocation of factory stocks to the various Governments will continue to be made as before as far as the quantity of one million tons is concerned. This means there will be no easing of the supply situation as no sugar will be available in the open market until factories deliver the fixed quota of one million tons. However, it remains to be seen whether this new policy works effectively It is desirable that the Government must arrange to take possession of the production at factories, in order to prevent any part of it going into the black market before the target production fixed for each factory is achieved.

Moreover the Government has made purchases of foreign sugar for shipments to arrive upto February. The first shipment has already arrived but the press note does not tell us anything about the disposal of foreign sugar. In the face of such a comfortable supply of sugar, why should the present quota of 8 oz. of sugar in Bombay be reduced to 6 oz. next month? The supply of 6 oz. sugar under ration will be found inadequate for individual requirements. With the prospects of a fair supply of sugar being available in the country the allocation to various states cannot be regarded as adequate for normal demands and the situation in this respect remains unclarified. The Government cannot have controlled economy as well as advantage of controls. This state is bound to create confusion. There is expectation of excess of production of sugar over a million ton. This is based on the increase in the price of sugarcane. Thus the burden of the increase in price is to be borne by consumers. Such changes in the supply situation are bound to have an adverse effect on other productions and with a view to achieve more gain, and some impetus on the lines of sugar production there will be tendency to keep the production to a low level. If the increase in the price of sugarcane and subsequent increase in the price of crystal sugar helps to increase in the production, the Government ought to have increased the supply of sugar under ration. But creating two different categories for distribution is likely to create confusion and encourage hoarding and profiteering.

### THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

*All ages long hatred pursueth us; through all the years ignorance like monster hath devoured our martyrs as in one long day of blood. Rulers have risen through the endless years, oppressive, savage in their witless power, filled with futile thoughts; to make an end of which God has cherished.*

—JEWISH PRAYER.

## Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

**NEW YORK: The United Nations three-man Cease-Fire Committee met again last night for two hours to consider the reply from Chou En-lai Chinese Communist Foreign Minister rejecting the Committee's cease-fire proposal.**

**The meeting was attended by M. Nasrullah Entezam of Persia, Mr. Benegal Narsing Rau of India and Mr. R. G. Riddel of Canada.**

**A spokesman for the Indian Delegation said no concrete decisions were taken on Peking's reply and the matter was "still under consideration".**

* * *

Special release re Shri Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia's address to the Hindu Mahasabha conference: "At his request the entire audience gave its support to Shri Dalmia's plea for the establishment of a liberal religious state by show of hands."

Shri Seth Dalmia should have gone further and, we are sure, at his request the entire audience would in the same characteristic Mahasabha spirit of unreality have supported Shri Dalmia's plea to proclaim him the head of the liberal religious state.

* * *

Shri Dalmia further declared that it was not possible to establish a liberal religious State without solving the problem of hunger because the two things were inter-dependent.

We now know why and how Shri Sthji himself is so lavishly lending his energy to the problem of establishing a liberal religious State.

* * *

From the report of the Mahasabha Subjects Committee resolution on Kashmir:

The policy pursued by the Sheikh Abdullah Government, the resolution said, was "crippling Hindus of Jammu and Kashmir, making them economically weak and ineffective". The resolution demanded that this policy be ended and in default the administration of the State be taken over by the States Ministry of the Government of India.

Magnificent contribution to the problem of Kashmir. Pakistan must pass a unanimous vote of greeting to the Akhil Bharat Hindu Mahasabha as its most useful ally.

* * *

In a call to "prayer for peace" President Truman declares: "Democracy's most powerful weapon is not a gun, tank or bomb. It is faith—faith in the brotherhood and dignity of Man under God".

Tell it to the ex-Reverend Daniel Malan and his flock.

* * *

The West German Social Democrat leader, Dr. Schumacher suggests that "the efforts of the Soviet Union to confer with the Allies should be taken seriously"

In fact, they should be taken very seriously.

* * *

The British Commandant in Berlin says the danger of Berlin becoming the flash-point of World War III has now completely disappeared.

In world wars the flash-point—apparent is never the flash-point—actual.

# UNIVERSITIES MUST TRAIN SOCIAL WORKERS

BY DR. V. K. R. V. RAO

**If there is any country in the world that is in urgent need of a band of workers, devoted to social service, it is India, said Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao, Director of the Delhi School of Economics, addressing a sectional meeting of the Indian Conference of Social Work at Jamshedpur, last Saturday. The right type of workers could be trained by every Indian University.**

**Dr. Rao suggested that apart from theory, the Universities must introduce a certain measure of practical social work as a compulsory part of the curriculum. He also suggested the formation of University settlements.**

**Following is the summary of his address:-**

SOCIAL SERVICES constitute a comprehensive phrase, the connotation of which could be co-extensive with all aspects of the nation's life. Indeed, the purpose of living itself is social service. Social Services mainly relate to the responsibility which society has for assisting and serving those of its sections which, due to natural or other reasons, whether of heredity or of environment, are not able to look after themselves without such assistance. This responsibility is both collective and individual on the part of the members of the society in question; and the fulfilment of this responsibility requires not only the creation and maintenance of the appropriate psychological consciousness on the part of the society but also the creation and maintenance of appropriate organisational channels; such organisational channels should consist not merely of agencies financed and operated by Government but must also include agencies set up, operated and indeed even financed, by the voluntary action of men and women of goodwill coming together in the fulfilment of their social responsibilities.

### OBLIGATIONE

Thus, National Social Services presuppose on the part of the community, especially on the part of the persons who man the political, social, economic and cultural services of the community, an abiding, knowledgeable and purposive awareness of the obligation which every individual bears to the society of which he is a constituent unit. Secondly, this consciousness should result in the establishment of agencies, both governmental and voluntary, which will make a scientific study of the problems of the poor and the handicapped and will take action to help them to overcome their handicaps and rise to their full stature as developed human beings.

### MANY FIELDS

It is obvious that such agencies, whether they are voluntary or governmental, cannot function with any efficincy unless they are manned by persons who not only possess the sentiment for social service but also the ability and necessary training for converting this sentiment into concrete and helpful action. There are many fields that need to be covered by such social services. The handicapped in society need the assistance of organised social services; the deaf, the dumb, the lame and the blind, all constitute sections which require special training to enable them to overcome their sense of inferiority and be able not only to earn their own living but also to play a fruitful role in society. Then there is a whole class of economically weak such as the old, the unemployed, the destitute, widows, orphans, etc., who need special attention. Then again there are the unfortunate sections of society which, due to some reason or other, have managed to fall outside either or both the legal and social pale of respectability, such as criminals, prostitutes and other psychological misfits.

There is also the numerically large but somewhat special field of juvenile delinqency. A somewhat different but equally important field which requires the assistance of organised social service is that of adult illiteracy.

There is also the whole group of problems connected with children, not only the children who are physically or economically handicapped but also the children who are socially or culturally or psychologically handicapped, even the children who are handicapped because of the unfortunate relationships which exist between their parents. Indeed, I for one would attach the greatest amount of importance to the problem of the building up of the children of the country, not only because they constitute the greatest treasure of the nation but also because they present the one field of social service where one could almost be certain of securing fruitful results.

### UNIVERSITIES

The University has a fundamental role to play both in helping to create the appropriate psychological awareness on the part of the community of its responsibility for social services, as also in training the men and women who will have to man the agencies of social service. The rationale of the first responsibility, viz., to help to create the consciousness of individual and collective responsibility for social service needs no elaborate proving.

Universities in the modern world help to disseminate the right values. An essential part of the education that one gets at a University is, or at any rate should be, the development of the individual's ethical personality, the instilling in him of the spirit of discrimination amongst values, and the evolution in him of the desire to regulate his own action in the light of the right values. If this is so, it becomes essential for University education as such to include in its content material appropriate to the arousing in the individual of a sense of social consciousness and of the moral imperative inherent in social responsibility.

Not only do Universities have thus an important role to play in permeating the whole of society with the importance of having a sense of right values and therefore of inculcating a sense of social responsibility, but they have also an even more important role inasmuch as most of what may be called the leaders of the community in its various sectors go through the Universities. Thus, civil servants, businessmen, lawyers, doctors, teachers, these and other key classes of society whose ideas and action determine the real value content of the society in which they function pass through the Universities and get their training from them. Even more important than the consciousness of social responsibility on the part of individuals in the community as such is the consciousness of social responsibility on the part of these leaders of society; for these leaders not only set the tone of social thinking and therefore of social behaviour, but they also in their daily work and administration have the power to advance or deter the formation, maintenance and expansion of the agencies for social service, both voluntary and governmental.

### CORRECT APPROACH

A civil servant occupying a key position in government, if only he has the right attitude to social service, can do a great deal not merely in extending the field of governmental social services but also in making them function more efficiently; similarly a doctor or a lawyer or a teacher or a businessman, if he has the right attitude to social service, can play a significant part not only in the formation but also in the efficient working of the numerous voluntary agencies that are so necessary for dealing with the vast and varied problems requiring the attention of organised social services. Every University has the duty of inculcating in all its pupils, whether they are studying for Arts or for Science, for Engineering or for Agriculture, for Medicine or for Technology, a spirit of social service, an understanding of social problems and an acceptance of social responsibility.

All courses taught in Universities, be it Arts, Science, Medicine, Engineering, Commerce, Technology, or Fine Arts, must include a paper on what may broadly be described as 'Social Problems.' Such a paper, in my opinion, should give a description of the major problems in society the tackling of which requires social assistance; this paper should also include a description of the main trends of the manner in which this problem has been tackled in different countries by way of social legislation, and of organisation, both governmental and voluntary, of social services. In addition, the paper may also indicate the relevance of these facts to the individual problems of the country concerned

Secondly, Universities should introduce a certain measure of practical social work, or at any rate, practical acquaintance with the realities of social problems as a compulsory part of the studies and training that their pupils have to undergo, irrespective of what particular subject they are studying or what particular profession they are preparing themselves for.

Thirdly, Universities ought to encourage the formation of University Settlements, the establishment of University or College Hostels in surroundings which will bring to the daily notice of its inmates the immensity and the reality of the social problem and induce them to spend a part of their time doing something themselves to tackle one or other of the different aspects of this problem.

### EXTRA-MURAL ACTIVITY

Fourthly, Universities should organise extra-mural activities which will involve co-operation both of its staff and its students in different fields of social service which will bring its members in direct contact with social reality and also give them an opportunity to contribute their own little mite to the solution of the social problem. In particular, Universities ought to take the lead in organising seminars, group meetings and conferences that will be devoted both to a study and discussion of the different aspects of society which require the assistance of organised social services.

The other and almost equally important responsibility of the University lies, in the sphere of training the social workers who will operate the va-

(Continued on Page 5.)

## FRANKLY SPEAKING

### U. S. Aid For India

We are grateful to Representative Jacob Javite for introducing a resolution in the U. S. Congress favouring American assistance to India to help meet the famine. We note his references to the potentialities of India as an ally of America. He feels that India can be as dynamic as Red China on the side of the democracies. That may be so but pointed references to political dividends that can be drawn from economic aid in times of need tend to raise suspicions despite the Congressman's recalling of the statement of Mr. Nehru that India would not accept aid if there were political conditions attached to it. It would be much more graceful and even advantageous if Americans discussed the question of aid purely as a business deal. India does not want any special favours. What she has been urging all along is that America should sell at a fair price her surplus food instead of allowing it to rot at home or of destroying it lest prices should go down. This is evidently what Mrs. Pandit has been trying to do, and her mission will be crowned with success if the Administration there wants it. Another thing that should impress itself on Americans is the fact that America should not look upon the feeding of a hungry people as a lesson in anti-communist indoctrination. Anyway, this can be much better done if there is less talking about the political and economic implications of the gesture.

### Atomic Lessons

No evil, it has been said, is unmixed. Even the atomic bomb might do some good if it focusses attention of its peaceful potentialities. But teachers in America have drawn a lesson even from this weapon of doom; their "atomic alphabet" will not only increase the knowledge of their pupils, but will save their skins in times of dire peril. It begins with a simple "A for Atom", but encloses within its sweep all the known facts as the alphabet ambles along. The legend for the letter "B" is modest to a degree: "B is for bomb—an explosive package. of which Atom is the new brand". The authors do not exhaust the potentialities for mischief which the future might hold; one hopes that when they devise an alphabet for the Hydrogen Bomb they will designate "H" as "Hell let loose". One wonders whether the children to whom the alphabet is addressed will be able to do all that is asked of them at the same time when they are told: "Be calm. Try to reach shelter. Drop flat on your face. Cover all exposed parts of the body". It is a task before which even the authors of the alphabet might quail if they are asked to give a demonstration. But the caption for Z sums up everything succinctly: "Z is for zero —the point of bomb explosion". After that there need be no alphabet, and naturally no teachers or the taught in the vicinity.

### Finance For Housing

It is a pity that while there is plenty of money lying idle with the banks and insurance companies, yielding not more than one to three per cent interest, essential projects like housing should mark time for want of ready finance. The first spurt of building activity exhausted the provision for the housing programme made in the Post-war Reconstruction Plans and many co-operative societies have led to slow down or suspend altogether their building programmes. Many of the societies who were promised Government aid found it hard to make a beginning or maintain building progress as the aid was slow in coming. To these the Bombay Government plan, to set up a separate machinery for providing cheap long term capital to co-operative Housing, would be welcome news. The Chief Minister Mr. B. G. Kher announced that a further allotments of loans to co-operative societies was under consideration. How exactly the finance is going to be raised is yet under consideration and would depend on the exigencies of the State finance. Mr. Kher revealed that occasionally the Government had received suggestions that insurance companies and other investors were interetsted in financing the housing programme. Such a scheme would materialise if the investing public, including investing institutions, extended support. We hope the Government will lose no time in exploring all possibilities in this directions. Enough capital would be forthcoming for this purpose if the scheme assures of three to four per cent interest with Government guarantee for the safety of the capital. A successful attempt to ease the housing position would go a long way to ease the crisis and raise public morale.

### The Middle Classes

There has been no section of society which has been so consistently harassed as the middle class. Many of their troubles have been of their own making. Their eagerness to keep up appearances has been their undoing; occasions like marriages, instead of being happy memories, are reminders to many of them of their commitments to money lenders who advance money at usurious interest to make possible the shadowy splendour of middle class weddings. It is therefore good to hear a responsible publicist like Mr. H. Divetia addressing a few plain words to the middle classes. In his address to the convention at Ahmedabad, he has pointed out that manual labour should be given its proper place. In India, especially, Government jobs and clerical work has had a peculiar attraction to the "educated" middle classes and the white collar fraternity have continued to slave at their desks at the cost of their health and financial prospects. Of late, they too have realised that the working classes are at an advantage over them, and they have begun to organise themselves through trade unions. This alone, however, is not enough. It would be much better if there is a regular inter-change of jobs, making it possible for the man at the desk to take a hand at the factory. This will definitely result in a widening of the outlook of the "white collar" men. Mr. Divetia has deplored the fact that dearness allowance has not been given in proportion to the "prevailing dearness". It has, however, been found that in a race between wages and prices, it is the latter which always rushes ahead. If the real income of the middle classes is to be made proportionate to their needs, the rise in prices must be effectively checked, and it is here that the Government can do something.

## OUR READERS' VIEWS

### Faith Cure

With the highest respect I have for Mr. C. R. Raman as a scientist and as one of the great intellectual figures of modern India, I am forced to remind him of the recent history of Physical Research and other allied subjects in the west during the last century. It is true that till about the middle of the 19th century, Faith Cure and other psychical phenomena were looked down upon as relics of Asiatic superstition. Jesus, the most famous faith-curer and miracle-worker in European history was crucified. Not only so-called Saints but also great thinkers and scientists had to face Inquisition or meet the martyrs death. Even thinkers like Socrates and Galileo were misunderstood by their contemporaries.

But with the progress of science, scientists recognised the limitations of the objective or laboratory methods of scientific study and acknowledged the importance of the subjective or intuitional approach. The "Super-normal" border-land phenomena which were so far ignored by science began to be studied assiduously and scientifically. You might have read the interesting reports of the British and American Societies for Psychical Research and of the great scientists and thinkers of the 19th and 20th centuries on the subject.

I am one of those who believe that India affords ample scope for psychical research. We frequently come across instances of "Super-normal" phenomena. If the Rantalai phenomena would have occurred in Europe or America, there would not have been a rush of patients but of investigating scientists to examine scientifically the claims of Nepali Baba.

—V. C. PATNAIK, M. P.

### Sindhi Script

The fact that the Indian Government has changed the Script of Sindhi language, has evoked a wave of protest and resentment from the Sindhi people. Sindhi people are opposed to this decision for the following reasons:

The decision of the Government is an attack on the language and culture of Sindhi people. The decision is hasty and most undemocratic as it is done with the recommendation of a few dozen of interested Sindhis, who have the least love for the language and literature of our people and are in no way the genuine representatives of Sindhi people. The crying need of the hour is to rehabilitate the Sindhis and settle them and not to introduce so called reform of the language. The decision creates a number of technical complications and difficulties, as Sindhi language has many peculiarities of its script, letters and form. It consists of fifty-two letters of which some are absent in Devnagri script. Certain words written in Devnagri Script change the very meaning of the words and therefore are likely to be corrupted. Such far-reaching repercussions on the language are bound to spell the ruin of our language.

—KIRAT BABANI

### U. K. Steamer Runs Aground

LONDON, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): The 7,242 ton British steamer Domingo de Larrinaga ran aground at the south of the river Tees today and asked for immediate help, said a Lloyds shipping intelligence report.

### New Zealand Is Workers' Paradise

MADRAS, Dec. 25, (PTI): "New Zealand is a workers' paradise", said Mr. R. Venkataraman, a delegate to the recent conference of the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association in New Zealand.

Mr. Venkataraman who returned here yesterday after studying labour problem in that country said the minimum wages was about Rs. 106 a week.

## OF ALL THINGS

### All In Fun (And Frolic)

WHEN the Boss said in a remark meant to crush somebody that there was no such thing as a new joke, Junior upped and took down the Greek encyclopaedia (or something) and observed that really there were only ten basic jokes in all the world and that Aristophanes had said them.

Americans who have a profession of funsters won't believe Junior; but the Upper Secret Brain Group of the "Of All Things" Department was inclined to agree. Junior went on to vindicate himself. He gave the following as Vintage 1901:

Lady (who has recently inherited a fortune and bought a large country mansion, too interior decorator who hopes for the furnishing contract): "I would like a chandelier in this room."

Decorator: "Why not in every room, madam? Chandeliers all over the house?"

Husband (a gentleman of modest education): "Steady on, old man. Let's just get a male and female for a start and allow nature to do the rest."

And Vintage '25:—Newly-wed wife (who is furnishing flat): "Darling, let's buy a chiffonier." Salesman (optimistically): "Why not four or five?" Husband: "Get two and let them breed."

From chandelier to chiffonier in 24 years. But of course in another fifteen years or so, the same old joke was being told of the Mayor of an American boom town and a question of gondolas for the lake in the municipal park, and then, about an alderman and pagodas for the municipal garden.

The pun has always been a drawer of snickers—today, the bottom drawer. And well laid there too. For, popular though it is with the novice and the inebriate professional, the blank stare that the discriminating give it has driven it out of light. The howler went with the pun, but it stays still—very much awake and wide.

"They gave Wellington a glorious funeral. It took six men to carry the beer." (That was rather mellow.) Again, "What is a Soviet?" "A Soviet is what the middleclasses call their napkin."

Memories of the nineteen forties are, of course, responsible for these Free French ticklers: Hors d'oeuvre: cart horses. Hors de combat: war horses. Coup de grace: lawn-mover. Sotto voce: drunken voice.

As for Clerihews, we must wait and live to fight another day.

No tale of jokes through the ages will be complete without the saga of the shaggy dog. Which was the original shaggy dog story? One version says that—

A reporter was sent to interview Tom Thumb. The door was opened by a giant. "Oh," said the reporter; "Sorry, I was expecting a dwarf." "That's all right," said the giant, "it's my day off."

But there are people who will swear that this is the very primal of the s.d. joke: A man crossed the Atlantic to answer a personal advertisement. "Are you the Lord Binks who advertised for a shaggy dog? Well, I've travelled 10,000 miles and here he is —" "Hmmm. Yes. To damm shaggy".

# True Interpretation Of History Needed

## MAULANA AZAD'S PLEA AT NAGPUR

NAGPUR, Dec. 25 (UPI).

EMPHASING the need for a true interpretation of history, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, in his presidential address at the Indian Historical Records Commission at Nagpur today, called upon scholars, "with the necessary knowledge and scientific attitude," to take full advantage of the immense store-house of information collected in our National Archives.

Maulana Azad, whose address was read out in his absence by the Vice-President of the Commission, Dr. Tara Chand, surveyed the vast collection. The National Archives contained, enshrining in them the story of nearly 300 years of India's history—a most interesting and momentous period in the annals of this ancient country.

*Maulana Azad*

Giving an idea of the vastness of these collections, the Education Minister said: "If all these records are assembled in one place there is no building in India big enough to contain all of them." But if they were to be fully utilised, he said, it is necessary that they should not only be preserved but also arranged and classified systematically. Two things which stood in the way of their full utilisation were their present scattered condition and lack of sufficient competent personnel to complete the work of their classification and indexing.

Maulana Azad regretted that owing to financial stringency a scheme drawn up by his department in 1948 "to improve the tempo and the quality of this work" could not be carried out so far.

### LARGEST IN ASIA

Giving some idea of the magnitude of the task which faces the National Archives today the Education Minister said: "In 1939, it was little more than a medium size depository, with a limited body of records. These were, however, fairly well organised though they were not open to students for research Today, it is one of the leading archival institutions in the world, and is certainly the largest in Asia. It is also mechanically one of the best equipped. Our holdings in the last ten years have greatly grown in bulk, specially since December 1948. It was then decided that all records prior to 15th August 1947 of the residencies and political agencies of the Government of India would be transferred to the National Archives. The increase since then has been almost phenomenal.

### RECORDS THROWN OPEN

"Members of the Commission are also aware that the records have now been thrown open for research. At first, only records up to 1800 were available for inspection, but now all records up to 1901 have been brought under this category. More recent records will also be thrown open in the years to come. In addition, the Archives has undertaken an extensive programme of analysis, indexing, condensing, editing and publication of records in order to facilitate the work of research and reference. The Historical Records Commission has also increased the scope of the work of the Archives as the records survey committees in the different states work directly under the Commission. Interest in the Archives and archival work is growing. Along with this, the demand for information from various sources has grown and is still growing.

"On the one hand, therefore, we have increasing pressure of work and growing interest on the part of both Government and the public. On the other hand, we know that the prevailing financial stringency will not permit proper expansion of the department in the next few years. In this situation, the only way of meeting the shortage of staff is to seek the co-operation of universities and learned societies.

### 'VARSITIES & SCHOLARS CAN HELP

"If a sufficient number of scholars take up the task and assist the existing staff in the classification and cataloguing of the material which has been collected, much can be done in spite of the inadequacy of public funds.

Universities can also help by allotting the task to postgraduate students of history. If universities agree to recognise such work as part of the normal training of a post-graduate student, this will not only benefit the students themselves but it will also be a real national service. It is only through the co-operation of professors, lecturers, scholars and research and postgraduate students that the vast material we have can be properly utilised.

I understand that our Director of National Archives had approved the universities once but the response was not fully satisfactory. I would like to take this occasion when so many distinguished scholars were present to press once more that this work of urgent national importance may be undertaken by all the universities and learned societies without further delay.

I have every hope that with your co-operation, we can overcome the difficulties created by financial stringency and create conditions in which the Archives can perform its proper function and serve as a treasure house of information for all students of history."

### NATION-BUILDING WORK GOING ON

### Historical Records Body Commended

Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor of Madhya Pradesh, said here today that the Indian Historical Records Commission was doing great nation-building work by bringing to light manuscripts and records bearing on the nation's past glory and thereby stimulating the present generation to do great things.

The Governor, who was inaugurating the 27 session of the Indian Historical Records Commission here, said that if the rich materials of the past were used to give an integrated picture of man's progress through struggles and achievement of advancement in many spheres of human existence, a really good use will have been made of his invaluable rich raw material which you are collecting, classifying and elucidating with such patience and scholarship."

### A BIOGRAPHY OF HEROES

Lt.-Col. Pandit Kunjilal Dubey, Vice-Chancellor of the Nagpur University, welcoming the delegates to the 7th session of the Indian Historical Records Commission held here this morning at the University Convocation Hall, said: "we are meeting under the shadow of a national calamity: for the history of India—more than the history of other nations,— is a biography of its heroes. The great Sardar of India was one of those national figures that give life to history. But national work—and the work of this Commission is truly national—has to go on and must go on. Only a genuine unflagging devotion to our respective duties can be a true homage to the memory of the man for whom duty to the nation was the whole of life."

A two-minute silence was observed as a mark of respect to the memory of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

### EXHIBITION OPENED

Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor of Madhya Pradesh, today opened a historical records exhibition at the Nagpur Maha Vidyalaya organised in connection with the 27th session of the Indian Historical Records Commission.

"These exhibits" Mr. Pakvasa said, "are samples that enshrine the forgotten days of a great country. They come from as distant lands as Patiala and East Punjab, 'quake shattered Assam and sacred temple of Jagannath, the heroic land of the Rajputs and the shores of the Southern Ocean".

Among the 700 exhibits, dating mainly from 1600 A.D. onwards, are historical documents, letters, memoirs and manuscripts, bakhars and diaries, sanads and copper-plates, coins and photographs.

Outstanding among more recent documents in the exhibition are those on poet Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi, India's charter of freedom and an approved copy of India's Constitution bearing the signatures of members of the Constituent Assembly.

## Stop Press

### ROBINSON KOS HANS

FRANKFURT, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): "Sugar" Ray Robinson American Negro world welterweight champion knocked out Hans Stretz former German middleweight champion in the fifth round of a ten round non-title fight here tonight.

## Menzies In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25, (PTI): Mr. R. G. Menzies, Prime Minister of Australia, arrived here at 12-40 p.m. by air from Singapore on his way to London for the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' conference.

He was accompanied by his wife and daughter. Sir Frederick Shedden, Defence Secretary Mr. A. Watt Secretary for External Affairs and Mr. Dunting, Assistant Secretary Prime Minister's Department, also accompanied Mr. Menzies.

He will fly in a special Indian Air Force Dakota to Delhi this afternoon.

Shortly after his arrival at Dum Dum the Australian Prime Minister left for a sightseeing tour of the city accompanied by his wife and daughter.

### TO MEET NEHRU & LIAQUAT

Mr. Menzies told waiting reporters at the airport that he thought it was better to stay two or three days in India and Pakistan before going to London for the conference, because, he said, he had never actually met Mr. Nehru or Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

"I think I ought to meet them in order to acquaint myself with their points of view before the conference starts", he said.

**Mr. Menzies expressed sympathy in the death of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and said: "Every body in Australia is very very sorry to learn the death of Sardar Patel.**

**"He is a well-known leader, next to Mr. Nehru. We have great regard for his ability", he added.**

### MR. MENZIES IN DELHI

NEW DELHI: Mr. Menzies arrived in New Delhi this evening from Calcutta by a special IAF Dakota. He was accompanied by his wife and daughter. He was received at the Palam Aerodrome by the Prime Minister, Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru, and the High Commissioners of the Commonwealth countries in Delhi.

This is Mr. Menzies' first visit to Delhi.

The plane carrying the Australian Prime Minister arrived at 7-10 p.m.—ten minutes before the scheduled time. The Indian Prime Minister wished him "happy Christmas" and introduced him to the Commonwealth High Commissioners and Col. Chaterjee who represented the President.

Mr. Menzies told press correspondents that he attached "tremendous value" to the Commonwealth especially in the context of world events today.

### A LEARNER

Mr. Menzies declined to comment on any matter that might be discussed either here or in London and said, "I have come as a learner and not as a teacher." He said that the Prime Ministers had no rigid or fixed agenda for the London conference. They wanted to meet each other to "understand each other's problems."

Asked whether he attached great value to the Commonwealth relations in the context of the world events today, Mr. Menzies said: "I attach tremendous value. Nothing that has happened in the world in the last three years had reduced my belief in the Commonwealth. On the contrary, it has increased by belief."

The Prime Ministers of the Commonwealth countries, he said, would be meeting in London to discuss their problems and arrive at "common conclusions as far as possible."

Mr. Menzies hoped that the ties between India and Australia would become closer, and said: "You will be amused to hear that when we drove through Calcutta today on every park we saw many people playing cricket. If two cricketing countries cannot understand each other, Who can?"

### FOR KARACHI

Mr. Menzies and party will stay at Government House as guests of the Government of India for two days and will leave for Karachi en route to London. Travelling with Mr. Menzies to London are the Australian Defence Secretary Mr. Frederick Schedden, the External Affairs Secretary Mr. A. Watt, and the Assistant Secretary in the Prime Minister's Department, Mr. Dunting.

Mr. Menzies has a busy programme in Delhi and will be the guest of honour at state banquet tomorrow night to be given by the Prime Minister.

## CENTRE'S POLICY ON D. P.s CRITICISED

### Gidwani Calls For Better Approach To Problem

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25 (UPI): "I welcome the Prime Minister's observation, that our outlook should be equalitarian in dealing with the refugee problem. I would have very much wished that he and his Government had applied this noble principle to all sections of the society in the country whether displaced or non-displaced. I am sure even if some steps had been taken in that direction, not only the refugee problem had been solved by this time but the country would have been spared the many tribulations and suffering which it is passing through, "thus said Dr. Choithram P. Gidwani, President of the All India Refugee Association speaking at the refugees conference at the Constitution Club today.

But he regretted, he said, that 'the policy so far adopted by the Government and the measures adopted in tackling the rehabilitation problem is resulting in reducing a vast majority of displaced persons who were living a higher standard of life to hewers of wood and drawers of water".

## ARRESTED AT NEW YORK AIRPORT

NEW YORK, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).—Kutylowski, President of the Polish-owned Edynia America Line, was taken into custody by immigration agents when he arrived here by air on Saturday.

Mr. Kutylowski, whose headquarters is in New York City landed at a New York's international airport, Idlewild, after a business trip to Poland, where his family lives.

Mr. Kutylowski was taken to Ellis Island no charge was placed against him.

It was learned, however, that he was to be held until Washington immigration officials could rule on his status and his eligibility to re-enter this country.

## ACCURATE DATA ESSENTIAL

### Dr. Katju's Address

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25 (PTI): The West Bengal Governor, Dr. K. N. Katju, said today that a welfare state could not function properly without planning and no satisfactory planning was possible unless there was accurate data available. Collection of accurate information about the modern social structure was almost a top priority, he added.

Broadcasting from the Calcutta station of the All India Radio tonight on "Census Operations", the Governor said, "The great misfortune is that often on the one hand the average citizen is not alive to the importance of supplying accurate details and on the other hand the subordinate officials, for the sake of their own comfort and convenience, rely too much on their imagination rather than undergo the labour of making investigations on the spot." The result was that information gathered was unreliable and therefore, was not only useless but misleading. The root of the matter lay in the citizen's recognition of the vital importance of correct information about every aspect of national life he added.

The Governor said that the days of despotic and dynastic and dictatorial Government had gone The people were the architects of their own destiny and they should see to it that they were properly informed as to the state of the country so that they might, through their representatives, adopt salutary measures for their own social and economic advancement. Census operations, from this point of view, were instruments of liberal popular education.

### Enumeration In Kashmir

SRINAGAR, Dec. 25 (PTI): About 2,000 village teachers, patwaris and headmen in Jammu started enumeration this afternoon for the proposed State Constituent Assembly.

Over 1,000 enumerators in Kashmir province also began enrolment of voters.

The voters' lists from the districts are expected to start reaching Srinagar after two weeks. Towards the end of March, Government expects to publish the first provincial voters' list.

Besides enrolling voters, the enumerators have been charged to collect detailed statistics regarding the economic life of the people. The State Franchise and Planning Ministry has given them questionnaire for the purpose.

## Jinnah's Birthday In Karachi

### KHUB CHAND CALLS FOR INDO-PAK UNITY

KARACHI, Dec. 25 (PTI): Karachi today celebrated the 74th birthday of Pakistan's founder, the late Quaide-Azma Mohammed Ali Jinnah. The programme included prayers at his grave, a scout rally, sports functions and public meeting. The public meeting, presided over by Pakistan's Governor-General Khwaja Nazimuddin was addressed among others by Mr. Din Mohammed, Sind Governor, Mr. Yusuf Khattak, General Secretary of the Pakistan Muslim League and Mr. Khub Chand officiating Indian High Commissioner in Karachi.

Khwaja Nazimuddin said that Pakistan's defences today were stronger, her currency more stable and her economy more sound than ever. He added that Pakistan was ready to co-operate with any country for the maintenance of peace. Referring to Kashmir he said that Pakistan would not rest until it had "secured the right of self-determination for the people of Kashmir".

Mr. Khub Chand who was making his first public speech since his arrival here three months ago assured the people of Pakistan that India desired nothing better than peace, happiness and prosperity for Pakistan. He added "we (India) consider that in friendship, in good understanding and comradeship lies the future of both India and Pakistan". Mr. Khub Chand, however, added that it would be idle for him to pretend that there were no differences between India and Pakistan. Differences there were but at the asme time on both sides no desire was stronger than that of peace and good understanding. In this attempt at establishing friendship between India and Pakistan, he said India was following in the footsteps of not only her own leaders but also of Quaide-Azam Jinnah and his able successors.

### Americans To Hear Of Indian Food Position

NEW YORK, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit Indian Ambassador to the United States, is to attend a press conference here tomorrow convened by the American Emergency Food Committee for India.

An announcement by the newly-formed committee organised to support India's request fo two million tons of American foodgrains said that Mrs. Pandit and other Indian Embassy officials "will answer questions concerning the present disastrous food crisis."

# FIGHTING IN NEPAL

(Continued from Page 1.)

hundred state troops sent from Khatmandu near Okhaldunga, overpowered them and seized one machine gun, two light machineguns, one two-inch mortar, a large number of rifles and 16 boxes of ammunition.

### ADVANCING

A contingent of more than four hundred Nepali Congress volunteers are advancing towards Dhankuta Gaura, 42 miles north of Biratnagar, where there is a large garrison of state troops, the report added.

Brahmadeo Mandi, a small town about 7 miles north of Tanakpur station on the O. T. Railway in Almora district in U.P., in Nepal's western district of Doti, has been captured by Nepali Congress volunteers, according to another Nepali Congress report received here this evening.

The Congress volunteers after capturing Brahmadeo Mandi have forked out and are advancing towards Silgarhi, headquarters of Doti district, about 30 miles further east, and Baitari about 25 miles north-east of Brama Mandi, the report added.

Fifty state troops stationed at Brahmadeo Mandi are reported to have joined the Congress volunteers.

### 16 TROOPS KILLED

Sixteen Nepali state troops, including Sudarshan Bikram Rana, son of the Governor of Biratnagar, were killed and twenty others, including some Congress volunteers, were injured, in Saturday's fighting at Biratnagar, according to latest Nepali Congress reports received here today.

The reports said fifty state troops were arrested, two cannons, one machine gun, three bren guns, fifty rifles and a large number of different varieties of guns (double barrel and breach loading guns) and a wireless transmister were seized by Congress volunteers.

Detachments of Congress volunteers have moved twenty to thirty miles north, north-east and north-west of Biratnagar and are engaged in mopping up isolated state troops, the reports added.

### LIBERATING ARMY

Mr. Kesava Prasad Koirala, described as "Military Governor" of Biratnagar, told a public meeting held this morning in front of the Biratnagar Governor's residence that the Nepali Congress would "carry on its war against the Rana Government of Nepal till it is overthrown and the way is paved for the setting up of a democratic government of the people, by the people and for the people," according to a Prajtantra Radio broadcast picked up here.

Describing the Nepali Congress forces as the "Liberating Army (Mukti Sena)" Mr. Koirala said that though the Congress was fighting for democracy it did not mean necessarily that the Congress proposed to usurp power.

The Congress, Mr. Koirala reiterated, wanted to set up a democratic government with King Tribhuwan as the constitutional head.

The Congress also wanted to seize all the birat lands (large tracts of rent-free lands acquired by the Ranas and their men) and to redistribute them equitably among the tillers of the soil, he said.

Mr. Koirala claimed that about two hundred state troops sent from Khatmandu via Birganj had been defeated by Nepali Congress volunteers near Mahinathpur about seventy miles west of Bianagar.

## KOREA

(Continued from Page 1.)

Pyongyang, Sariwon and Singye, which is 60 miles north of Pyongyang.

Troops of the Third Rok (South Korea) Corps yesterday morning counter-attacked and regained the ground lost when the Communists penetrated in the line on the night of December 22 and 23.

In this action, fought in the Chogyori area, 12 miles north-east of Chunchun their troops advanced 4,000 yards.

An unidentified Communist force 28 miles north of Seoul last night drove South Korean troops out of Korangpori, just south of the 38th Parallel.

A United States Eigth Army spokesman today denied that any Communist troops had been reported south of the 38th Parallel.

But he added that Chinese troops were reported along the Parallel about 30 miles east of Seoul and were probing the American Sixth Division Sector.

Further south, Chinese troops were reported on the north bank of the Imjin river along the Parallel. A South Korean patrol claimed it had noticed an unspecified number of Chinese seven miles south-east of Yonchon.

But observers with the Eighth Army suggested this morning that the present reported Communist activity was probably a feeler for the weakest part of the United Nations defence.

### 3-Man U.N. Body Meets

NEW YORK: The United Nations three-man Cease-Fire Committee met again last night for two hours to consider the reply from Chou En-lai, Chinese Communist Foreign Minister rejecting the Committee's cease-fire proposal.

The meeting was attended by M. Nasrollah Entezam of Persia, Mr. Benegal Narsing Rau of India and Mr. R. G. Riddel of Canada.

A spokesman for the Indian Delegation said no concrete decisions were taken on Peking's reply and the matter was "still under consideration".

### FREE CLOTHING TO WAR SUFFERERS

### N. Korean Government's Gesture

LONDON, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).—Clothing and other industrial goods are to be provided free to war sufferers by the North Korean Government, according to a Tass Agency message from Pyongyang.

Food will be sold at reduced state prices and the Ministry of Trade will shortly set up 50 restaurants in important local centres and will open a network of shops, the message said.

"Housing sections" have already begun work on building heated dwelling houses for families who have lost their homes.

## AMERICAN JETS ATTACK WONSAN

Fifth Air Force Headquarters, Korea December 25 (PTI-Reuter): United Nations air force pilots and crews were all set this morning for Christmas day attacks amid snow and rain showers against the Communists in North Korea.

## Universities Must Train Social Workers

(Continued from Page 4)

rious organised agencies for the imparting of social service. An academic background and the opportunities for both the awareness and the unfolding of personality that University education offers is as useful and indeed even more necessary in the case of social workers than it is in the case of other professional workers, such as lawyers, doctors, teachers, civil servants and the like. Sometimes it is said that a social worker has to be a practical person and should, therefore, be free from the unpractical influence of University education. Indeed I totally deny the legitimacy of this dichotomy that is sought to be drawn between theory and practice. For the social worker even more than other workers has to learn to live in society, get rid of his angularities, acquire the spirit of understanding and learn the art of compromise. For this the University is a good training school and even if the University offers nothing else, I would urge the importance of social workers having a University training. In actual fact it is not merely the general benefits of University education which make it important that training in social work should be linked up with the University.

A competent social worker requires training and academic discipline in certain subjects which are best fitted to be imparted through Universities. Thus a good social worker should have adequate and up-to-date understanding of subjects like Social and Political Institutions, Social Economics, Social Psychology, Social Administration and Community Organisation. In addition of course, the social worker must undoubtedly do considerable practical work, and have a much greater contact with social realities than a student of Social Sciences who merely wants to qualify as a civil servant or a teacher. I believe that the University of Delhi, in the Master's degree in Social Work which it has instituted, has paid the right share of attention both to the academic and practical aspects of the study and discipline which is necessary for a social worker; and I would commend to this Conference the example set by my University.

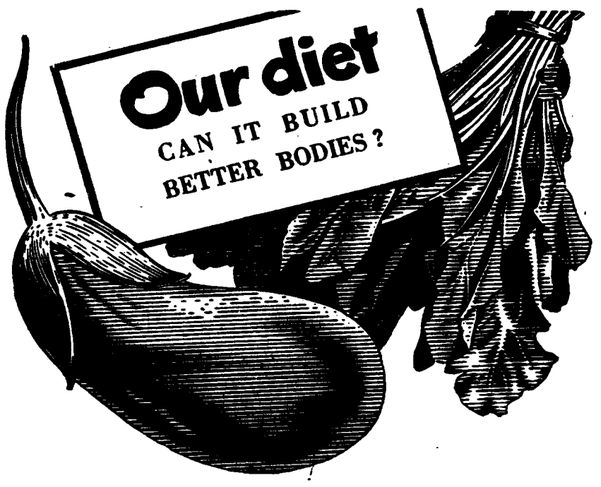
I deplore the isolation of Institutes imparting training in social work from the general run of University life as also from the rigours of University discipline. I think training of social workers is as much a part of the responsibility of the Universities as training of workers for other professions such as Medicine, Law and Education.

### INDIA'S PROBLEMS

If any country requires social services, it is India. For India has a multitude of diverse and difficult social problems and counts amongst its citizens a vast number of the handicapped, the poor and the destitute. If there is one nation more than any other nation, the bulk of whose wealth rests in its children and at the same time where the least scientific attention is given to the development of this wealth, it is this country of India to which both you and I belong. The existence of untouchability, the presence of primitive tribes, the large number of backward classes, the dominance of superstition and the psychological monstrosities that clog social relationships and hamper social endeavour, the vast number of refugees both in the east and in the west, all these are facts the existence of which in India cannot be denied. Nor can you deny the challenge that the existence of these facts makes to the social conscience of the Indian community or the importance of organising Social Services to meet this challenge. If then I need say no more to emphasise the importance of forming, maintaining and expanding the social services in India, I am sure I need say even less on the importance of getting the Universities in this country to play their rightful role in regard to these services. I think it is a sad fact that so far little or nothing has been done by Universities in India in recognition of their responsibility in the field of social services.

The psychological distance between the town and the village is greater in India than it is in any other part of the civilized world, even as the distance between University education and social reality is greater in this country than it is anywhere else. The recent craze for specialisation that has invaded Indian Universities has still further snapped the tender link that existed between University education and cultivation of the social conscience. It is imperative, therefore, that Universities in India should frankly and consciously recognise their responsibility both for creating the necessary atmosphere for the formation and expansion of social services and for training the workers who will man these services and operate them with efficiency. I can do no more than commend to Universities in India some of the concrete suggestions that I have made a little earlier in the address when discussing the role of the University as such in relation to National Social Services.

The test of national culture and civilization is the extent to which the nation is aware of its social conscience and responds by practical and concrete action to the call of this social conscience. Judged by this test I cannot confess to a feeling of happiness or of pride in the present state of our country. For this the primary responsibility rests not on the civil servant or the politician, not even on the businessman or the professional worker, but on the Universities which have hitherto totally ignored the relevance of social service to University education. If our Universities become conscious of their social responsibility and if they will play their appropriate role both in permeating the community and its leaders with the spirit of social service and in offering facilities for training the social workers who can man and operate the organisational channels through which this spirit of social service will find expression, I am sure the Universities in India will have done well by the country.


OUR DIET can fail to give us maximum nourishment if we spoil good food through bad cooking, or if our knowledge of the various functions of foods is limited. For instance, many consider brinjals, spinach, drumsticks and lettuce dull eating and not particularly nourishing. In fact, these foods can be made very tasty and help enrich our diet with their mineral contents which aid in building the body and keeping it fit.
But minerals alone cannot ensure full health and strength for which we need a balanced diet consisting of *all* the five food factors and in their correct proportions. Besides minerals, the other factors are carbo-hydrates (millets, rice, sweet potatoes, wheat), proteins (dal, milk, nuts, eggs, fish, meat), vitamins (amlas, carrots, tomatoes, lemons, papayas) and fat like *Dalda* which is pure and energy-giving.

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# NIMBALKAR AND JATH SAVE TEAM FROM INNINGS DEFEAT

## DAVIDSON BEATS IFTIKHAR AHMED

### National Lawn Tennis Championships

CALCUTTA, December 25 (PTI): Four seeded players including S. Davidson (Sweden) and J Drobny (Egypt), moved up to the quarter final of the men's singles of the National Lawn Tennis Championships at the Calcutta South Club today.

One thousand spectators saw S Davidson (Sweden's No. 2) beat Iftikhar Ahmed, Pakistan's No. 1 after a titanic four-set affair. Breaking through Iftikhar's service Davidson led by 2-0 in the first set. But the left hander, Iftikhar Ahmed( soon levelled up (2-2). With terrific cannon-ball service, the Swede took the set, conceding only two more games

In the second set, Iftikhar Ahmed, with his hot returns and over head chops took the set at 6/2. In the third set the stoutly-built Ahmed was too exhausted and put up very little fight and lost the set at 6/1. In the fourth set both the players had to fight hard but Davidson with his deft placements and mighty volleys took the lead at 7-6 and holding his own service clinched the issue at 8/6. Davidson will now meet A J Mottram or N Kumar in the quarterfinal.

J Drobny (Egypt) will meet Narendra Nath in the quarter final, while S C Misra who had practically a run-way victory over I Tloczynski (Great Britain), will meet K B Madan or J Dorfman (U S A) in the quarter final.

Following are the results.

**Men's Singles.**

S Davidson (Sweden) beat Iftikhar Ahmed (Pakistan), 6/4, 2/6, 6/1, 8/6; J Drobny (Egypt) beat E Abrecht 6/2, 6/2, 6/3; S C Misra beat I Tloczynski (Great Britain) 6/3, 6/2 6/2; Narendra Nath beat Rajen Banerjee, 6/0 6/1, 6/2; A J Mottram (Great Britain) beat S N Raina, 6/3 6/2, 6/4.

**Womens Singles.**

Mrs. A J Mottram (Great Britain) beat Mrs. Katra, 6/0, 6/3; V Alexy beat Miss Vasudevan 6/3, 6/1; Miss L Woodbridge w.o. Miss Bhagwant Singh

**Men's Doubles**

J Withnell and M Singh beat T K Ramanathan and Krishnan 6/4, 6/3, 10/8; J Drobny (Egypt) and Narendra Nath beat B K Dutt and Ahip Mukherji, 6/0 6/1, 6/1; A J Mottram (Great Britain) and Iftikhar Ahmed (Pakistan) beat B K Ghosh and R K De 6/1 6/1 6/3; G Vasant and I Tloczynski (Great Britain) beat Balwant Singh and Major Anand, 6/2, 6/2, 6/4; S C Misra and S Davidson (Sweden) beat M Cariapa and A K Mitter 6/2 6/1, 7/5; Vishnu Mohan and P Seshadri beat T Shewaamani and E Abrecht 6/1, 6/1, 7/4; F Kovaleski (U S A) and I Dorfmann (U S A) beat G Birla and D K Bhasin, 6/0, 6/2, 6/1.

**Mixed Doubles**

Dilip Bose and Miss Dorothy Head (US A) beat I Alexy and Miss Human 6/2, 6/3.

**Veteran's Singles**

H Hfanner beat N Deb, 6/2 6/0, Dr. P K Sen beat Moni Mukherjee, 6/4 6/2; G C Dey beat S Thadani, 6/1 6/0; R F Stroud beat K C Varma 6/2, 6/2; R H McLeod beat M Rajagopalan 6/1, 5/7, 6/4.

## Gallant Unbeaten Stand Of 185 For 7th Wicket

BOMBAY, Monday

A gallant partnership between B. B. Nimbalkar and Raja of Jath enabled Maharashtra to escape an innings defeat in the Ranji Trophy tournament today. Bombay, however, entered the second round of the tournament on the first innings lead.

Not at all the wiles of the nine Bombay bowlers could separate centuro Nimbalkar and the rock-like Raja of Jath. When Jath came in at 156, a Bombay victory seemed only a matter of time but the captain gave Nimbalkar delightful support for over four hours during which he hit all round the wicket. His score included seven fours.

Nimbalkar occupied the crease for five hours and forty minutes his grand innings comprising 26 fours. He gave a grand dispay of stroke play particularly the cover drive, and hit 26 boundaries. No Bombay bowler, except Gupte, presented any difficulty to him and his only mistake was in the last over of the match when he was dropped by Phadkar in the slips off Mantri.

**BOMBAY (1st Innings) for 8 wkts. decl. .. 725**

**MAHARASHTRA (1st Innings) .. 195**

**MAHARASHTRA (Second Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| M.R. Rege c Mantri b Ramchand | 7 |
| P.G. Joshi b Gupte | 50 |
| S.G. Palsule c Modi b Kotian | 14 |
| B.B. Nimbalkar not out | 174 |
| S.W. Sohini st Mantri b Gupte | 0 |
| M.C. Datar lbw b Gupte | 19 |
| Y.N. Gokhale c Kenny b Ramchand | 8 |
| Raja f Jath (capt). not ou | 54 |
| Extras | 19 |
| TOAL (for six wickets) | 341 |

Fall of wickets:—1/9, 2/68, 3/88, 4/92, 5/143, 6/156

Bawling Analysis:—D.G. Phadkar 28/5/56/0; G.S. Ramchand 23/9/45/2; J. B. Khat 13/4/26/0; R.S. Modi 6/1/18/0; S.P. Gupte 43/17/92/3; D.T. Kotian 27/10/46/1; M.M. Mohiuddin 3/0/18/0; R.B. Kenny 4/2/3/0; M.K. Mantri 5/0/18/0.

## BOMBAY WELL UP IN TEAM EVENTS

### National Table Tennis

COLOMBO, Dec. 24 (PTI-Reuter): Ten more ties — four in men's and six in women's events — were decided when the 13th inter-State table tennis championship continued here.

The best match was between Bombay and Delhi in Men's event, former eventually winning by five matches to two.

Om Prakash (Delhi) beat D. P Sampat (Bombay) in straight sets and extended Uttam Chandarana (Bombay) to full three sets. In the third set he led at 16-14 levelled at 17-all and did not recover.

In women's inter-state championships Bengal beat Madras by 3-2. Miss Rukmini (Madras) claimed a well-deserved victory over Miss Madan, ranked Bengal's No. 1.

The following wing are the results:—

**MEN'S EVENTS**

**Madras beat Assam 5-0.**

N. M. Naidoo (Madras) beat S. Chalinha (Assam) 21-15, 21-10; V. S. Murugesh (Madras) beat N. Datta (Assam) 21-8, 21-5; T. Thiruvengadam (Madras) beat B. Basu (Assam) 21-12, 21-12; Naidoo (Madras) beat N. Datta (Assam) 21-4, 21-12; Thiruvengadam (Madras) beat Chalinha (Assam) 21-13, 24-22.

**Bombay beat Delhi 5-2.**

H. Khanchand (Bombay) beat Harijan Singh (Delhi) 21-18, 21-13; Om Prakash (Delhi) beat Sampat (Bombay) 21-13, 21-15; U. M. Chandarana bay) 21-13, 21-15; U. M. Chandrana (Bombay) beat R. B. L. Saxena (Delhi) 21-11, 21-10; Om Prakash (Delhi) beat Khanchand (Bombay) 21-17, 21-14; Chandarana (Bombay) beat Harijan Singh (Delhi) 27-35, 21-10; Sampat (Bombay) beat R. B. L. Saxena (Delhi) 21-13, 17-21, 21-16; Chandarana (Bombay) beat Om Prakash (Delhi) 21-13, 15-21, 21-18.

**Bengal Beat Punjab 5-1**

K. Jayant (Bengal) beat N. M Lal (Punjab 21-7, 21-8; R. Bhandari (Bengal) beat Prem Sagar (Punjab) 21-7, 21-10; R. T. Rajan (Bengal) beat Brinder Singh (Punjab) 21-6, 21-12; K. Jayant (Bengal) beat Premi Sagar (Punjab) 21-8, 21-11; N. M. Lal (Punjab) beat R. T. Rajan (Bengal) 17-21, 21-18, 21-13; R. Bhandari (Bengal) beat Brinder Singh (Punjab) 21-5, 21-7.

**Ceylon Beat Hyderabad 5-0**

N. Udeshi (Ceylon) beat Rangaswamy murthi (Hyderabad) 21-17, 19-21, 21-16; F. J. Ratnesar (Ceylon) beat Sikander Ali (Hyderabad) 21-11, 21-13; N. Udeshi (Ceylon) beat Reng Asamay (Hyderabad) 21-15, 21-11; C. Daniel (Ceylon) beat Sikander Ali (Hyderabad) 21-19, 21-16; N. Udeshi (Ceylon) beat K. V Krishnamurthy (Hyderabad) 21-18 21-18.

**WOMEN'S EVENTS**

**Punjab Beat Mysore 3-0**

Mrs. Pratap Singh (Punjab) beat Miss Dotiwala (Mysore) 21-11 14-21, 21-13; Mrs. Rajagopalan (Punjab) beat Miss Tarapore (Mysore) 21-2, 21-12; Mrs. Pratap Singh and Mrs. Rajagopalan (Punjab) beat Miss Dotiwala and Miss Tarapore (Mysore) 25-13, 17-21 23-21.

**Bombay Beat Bengal 3-0**

Mrs. Joshi (Bombay) beat Miss E. Moses (Bengal) 21-14, 21-11; Mrs. Nasikwala (Bombay) beat Miss C. Madan (Bengal) 21-15, 21-11; Mrs. Joshi and Mrs. Nasikwala (Bombay) beat Moses and Miss Madan (Bengal) 21-8, 21-9

**Madras Beat Mysore 3-1**

Miss Dotiwala (Mysore) beat Miss Albuquerque (Madra) 21-18, 21-17, Miss A. Rukmani (Madras) beat Miss Tarapore (Mysore) 21-13, 21-19; Miss A Rukmani (Madras) beat Miss Dotiwala (Mysore) 21-11 21-15; Miss Albuquerque and Miss Rukmani (Madras) beat Miss Dotiwala and Miss Tarapore (Mysore) 21-18, 15-21, 21-10.

**Hyderabad beat Ceylon 3-1.**

Miss S. Sultana (Hyderabad) beat Miss T. Singham (Ceylon) 21-10, 21-8; Mrs. V. P. Siriwardene (Ceylon) beat Miss Janardan (Hyderabad) 21-12, 21-12; Miss S. Sultana (Hyderabad) beat Mrs. V. P. Siriwardene (Ceylon) 21-16, 21-11; Miss S. Sultana and Miss Janardan (Hyderabad) beat Mrs. Siriwardene and Miss H. Pestonjee (Ceylon) 14-21, 21-22, 22-20.

**Bengal beat Ceylon 3-2.**

Mrs. V. P. Siriwardene (Ceylon) beat Miss Moses (Bengal) 21-10, 21-11; Miss C. Madan (Bengal) beat Miss T. Singham (Ceylon) 21-9, 21-16; Mrs. V. P. Siriwardene (Ceylon) beat Miss C. Madan (Bengal) 21-15, 21-18; Miss E. Moses (Bengal) beat Miss T. Singham (Ceylon) 21-18, 21-10; Miss C. Madan and Miss E. Moses (Bengal) beat Mrs. Siriwardene and Miss H. Pestonjee (Ceylon) 12-21, 21-9, 21-19.

**Punjab beat Madras 3-2.**

Mrs. Rajagopalan (Punjab) beat Miss Albuquerque (Madras) 21-7, 21-15 Miss Rukmani (Madras) beat Mrs. J. Bose (Punjab) 21-11, 21-11; Mrs. Rajagopalan and Mrs. Pratap Singh (Punjab) beat Miss Rukmani and Miss Albuquerque (Madras) 21-15, 21-17; Miss Rukmani (Madras) beat Mrs. Rajagopalan (Punjab) 19-21, 21-16, 21-13; Mrs. J. Bose (Punjab) beat Miss C. Albuquerque (Madras) 17-21, 21-19, 21-17.

## HYDERABAD WIN BY THREE WICKETS

### But Lose Four More Batsmen Before Scoring 30 Runs

NAGPUR, Dec. 25 (UPI): The Hyderabad XI won the four-day match against the Madhya Pradesh XI in the Ranji Trophy Tournament this morning by three wickets and four runs.

The Madhya Pradesh XI scored 151 in their first innings and 226 in their second, while the visitors registered 308 in their first knock and 73 for the loss of seven wickets in their second venture.

When the visitors resumed their second innings this morning with their overnight total of 40 for three wickets, it took them about an hour to score the remaining 30 runs to win the match, losing four more batsmen in the process. The overnight not-outs, Ali Hussain and Ali Abbas, made a disastrous start, the former soon falling a victim to Rahim who got him caught by Mohoni a little after the batsman added only 7 more runs to his overnight individual score. Arif Rabbani filled in the vacant crease but soon after, his partner, Ali Abbas, was stumped by Mohoni off Sane who took two of yesterday's three wickets of the visitors. The batsman's individual score was only 18. Mohomed Yusuf then joined Arif Rabbani but was soon dismissed for a "duck" by Rahim. The last wicket to fall this morning was that of E. Aibara who was caught and bowled by Sane before he could open his account. Bharat Chand who joined Rabbani at this stage and got settled down and raised the score slowly when the latter hit the winning stroke by driving Sane to the rope after the play had lasted for about an hour, with Bharat Chand and Rabbani remaining unbeaten with 6 and 16 respectively.

MADHYA PRADESH (1st Innings) 151
HYDERABAD (1st Innings) .. 308
MADHYA PRADESH (2nd Innings) 226
HYDERABAD (2nd Innings)

Nizam Yer Khan c S. Thakur b W. D. Sane 0; Dastagir Qureshi c Sane b S. S. Jog 0; Durga Prasad c Mohoni b W. D. Sane 1; Ali Hussain c Mohoni b Rahim 30; Ali Abbas st. Mohoni b Sane 18; Mohomed Yusuf b Rahim 0; E. Aibara c Sane b Sane 0; Arif Rabbani not out 16; Bharat Chand not out 6; Extras 2; TOTAL (for 7 wickets) 73.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/0; 2/0; 3/1; 4/51; 5/51; 6/57; 7/58.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: W. D. Sane 27.8-11-39-4; S. S. Jog 10-4-15-1; S. S. Thakur 3-1-3-0; K. P. Kesari 5-3-2-0; Gopi Naidu 1-0-2-0; S. A. Rahim 11-5-8-2; M. G. Karu 2-1-2-0.

## QUEENSLAND HOLD UPPER HAND

### *Noblet's Three Wickets In One Over*

MELBOURNE, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Queensland (298) are holding an advantage over South Australia (113-7) in their Sheffield Shield match here after two days' play.

Queensland, 218 for four overnight, suffered a collapse today when their last six wickets fell for 80 runs, Noblet coming out with figures of 7-70, though he had conceded 39 runs before tking his first wicket. He took three wickets in one over today, two with successive balls, but his side later lost the advantage gained by his good display.

At one time South Australia were 57-6 but Langley and Ridings took the total to 113.

## SIX UNIVERSITIES TO COMPETE

### *Inter-'Varsity Badminton*

LUCKNOW, December 25, (PTI): Six Universities—Calcutta, Patna, Banaras, Allahabad Aligarh and Lucknow—will participate in the North-Zone Inter Varsity Badminton Championship which starts here from December 27 at the Rifah-e-Am Club Hall.

Patna will play their first match against Lucknow on the opening day of the Tournament, while Banaras will meet the winner of Patna-Lucknow in the semi-final on December 28.

Calcutta, the holder of the Badminton Championships, will meet Allahabad on December Twenty-nine and the winner of Calcutta Allahabad will meet Aligarh in the second semi-final on December 30.

The North-Zone final will be decided on December 31. Inter-Zone final for the championship will be played at Bombay, sometimes in the middle of January next.

## MOHAN BAGAN ENTER DURAND CUP SEMIFINAL

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25, (PTI)

Calcutta's Mohan Bagan entered the semi-final of the Durand Football Tournament today beating 8th Gurkha Rifles by two goals to nil.

## INDIA'S TOP SIX IN BADMINTON

### Henry Ferriera Ranked Second To Devinder

NAGPUR, Dec. 25 (PTI).

The ranking sub-committee of the All-India Badminton Association has announced the following order of rank for men's singles and men's doubles.

**Men's Singles.**

1. Devinder Mohan (Bombay).
2. Henry Ferriera (Bombay).
3. Manoj Guha (Bengal).
4. T N Seth (U R).
5. Gur Prasad (E P).
6. Amrit Dewan (Delhi).

**Men's Doubles**

1. Devinder Mohan and Henry Ferriera (Bombay).
2. Chiranjit (Delhi) and Gur Prasad (E P).
3. D G Mugwe and B V Ullal (Bombay).

No ranking was considered necessary for other events in view of the standard displayed in the recent tournament.

## Eight Accept For Cooch Behar Cup

## TODAY'S CALCUTTA RACES

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25 (PTI).

The following are the acceptances with order of running for the Sixth Day of the Calcutta Races First meeting to be held here on Tuesday, December 26 The first race starts at 1-30 p.m.

**The Holly Plate (Class IV) 1 Mile**

Kalarama 9-4, Eastern Mascot 8-13, Portellen 8-12, Nea Hellas 7-10, Menzola 7-9, Egyptian Belle 7-9, Willow Stream 7-4.

**The Warwick Plate (Class IV) Six Furlongs)**

Systematic 9-4, Pindus 9-1, Aroha Lass 9-0, Torrid 8-7, Silver Bell 8-6, Royal Clipper 8-5, Charming Kiss 8-4, Sherni 8-3, Tajik 8-2, Beautiful 8-0, Mystery Clipper 7-10, Portoi 7-8, Gold Rush 7-6, Civil 7-4.

**The Christmas Plate (Class III) 1-1/2 Miles**

Peder 9-4, Miss Amoya 9-1, Audacious 8-10, Early Act 8-7, Wigs 8-4, Glion 8-4, Easy Passage 8-2, Escapade 7-4.

**The New Castle Plate (Class III) Six Furlongs**

Spring Poem 9-4, Clever Lass 9-3, Soft Answer 8-13, Tom o'Donnel 8-11, Crossolier 8 8, Prospect 8-2, Admiralty 8-2, Torchlight 7-13, Pacifier 7-9, Valonest 7-7, Kundan 7-4, Voltaire 7-4.

**The Cooch Behar Cup (Class I and II) 1 Mile 3 Furlongs**

Orcades 9-4, Pilot Sergeant 9-4, South Seas 9-0, Amidshps 8-6, Motley Hill 8-3, Courser 7-12, Olney 7-8, Karboo 7-1.

**The Durham Plate (Class II) 7 Furls.**

Bold Bob 9-4, Kirkwick 8-13, The Last Minstrel 8-9, Willy Nilly 8-7, Fair Caution 8-2, Illusion 8-0, Windy World 7-9; Winter Wheat 7-9, Hindustan Zindabad 7-9, Beneva 7-7.

**The Calcutta Plate (Class A) 1-1/4 Miles**

Disguised Princess 9-4, Desert Law 9-2, Pink Flower 9-1, Surrender 8-8, Dulhan 8-7, Tabassum 8-7, D. F. C. 8-6, Nightmare 8-6, Bold Roy 8-2, Berkeley Hunt 8-0, Sport Royal 7-11, Harvest King 7-11, Shady Nook 7-4.

The Treble Event will be on the 2nd, 4th and 6th races.

## *Madras Dismissed For 286 In Cooch Behar Trophy*

BANGALORE, Dec. 25 (PTI): Madras were all out for 286 runs in their first innings fifteen minutes after tea in the first day of the two-day cricket match against Mysore in the All-India School Cricket Tournament for the Cooch Behar Trophy today.

Mysore had made twentyseven runs for no loss at close of play.

# FIRST ROYALTY SHOULD WIN AGA KHAN'S CUP

## Stanbridge And Sangram Have Outstanding Chances

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Monday.

**The aged English mare First Royalty who has shaped extremely well in her preparations may defy the impost when claiming the Aga Khan's Cup; the attraction in tomorrow's card Pandu Khade will be astride Chocolate Baby, facile winner at her two attempts in Bombay and she apears the serious opponent.**

Pippy owned by the late Sir Shantidas Askuran is likely to be withdrawn in the Gulliland Plate and in his absence Stanbridg is sure to avenge the defeat he had at the hands of Shan-E-Hind.

The following are my selections:-

### 1st Race 2-00 p.m.

**THE NAVSARI PLATE**
**Distance—5 Furlongs**

*To be ridden by Indian, Half and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.*

Winner, Rs. 4,200; 2nd, Rs. 900 3rd Rs. 500.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bright Faith (Devaney) | .. | 8 7 |
| My Lucky Star (Medhe) | .. | 8 7 |
| H. R. H. (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Maharaj Kumari (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Janikpuri (Kheemsingh) | .. | 8 7 |
| Recent Vintage (Kadam) | .. | 8 7 |
| Dilbahar (Amir A.) | .. | 8 7 |
| Eastern Queen (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Free Port (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Sushama (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Dev Kanya (Damodar) | .. | 8 7 |
| Indy (Damodar) | .. | 8 7 |
| Dutch Maid (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Star Money (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| H. R. H. | Win | |
| BRIGHT FAITH | Next | Best |
| IF AB. JANIKPURI. | | |

### 2nd Race 2-30 p.m.

**THE VELLARD PLATE—Div. II**
**Distance—1 Mile**

Winner, Rs. 4,400; 2nd Rs. 1,000 3rd Rs. 700.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Panditji (—) | .. | 9 2 |
| Kotidhwaj (Damodar) | .. | 8 12 |
| Embarkation (R. Bhosle) | .. | 8 11 |
| Marie Louise (—) | .. | 8 10 |
| Anant Lakshmi (P. Khade) | .. | 8 9 |
| Lady Cleopatra (Antoo) | .. | 8 5 |
| Star Saphire (Whiteside) | .. | 8 4 |
| Havana (—) | .. | 8 2 |
| New Era (—) | .. | 8 1 |
| Fowzia (Z.K. Khan) | .. | 8 0 |
| King's Star (Shivanna) | .. | 7 8 |
| Pessimist (I. Khan) | .. | 7 8 |
| ANANT LAKSHMI | Win | |
| STAR SAPHIRE | Next | Best |

### 3rd Race 3-00 p.m.

**THE BORIVLI PLATE—Div. II**
**Distance—7 Furlongs**

*To be ridden by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 20 or more winners.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rajguru (Pierce) | .. | 9 5 |
| London Tan (—) | .. | 8 11 |
| Radjo Star(Sk. Ahmed) | .. | 8 10 |
| Mah-i-Nau (—) | .. | 8 8 |
| Ruqaiyya (Kadar) | .. | 8 5 |
| Wagh Mahal (I. Khan) | .. | 8 4 |
| Firdaussi (—) | .. | 8 2 |
| Show On (Devaney) | .. | 8 1 |
| Mayfair Lady (—) | .. | 8 1 |
| Short Story (—) | .. | 8 0 |
| Hikmet (Ghaus K.) | .. | 7 10 |
| Won Thousand (—) | .. | 7 8 |
| Fox Trot (Deshmukh) | .. | 7 8 |
| Titina (Narsi) | .. | 7 5 |
| Kickshaw (—) | .. | 7 5 |
| Slap and Tickle (Sk. Lall) | .. | 7 0 |
| Ajinkya Tara II (—) | .. | 7 0 |
| RAJGURU | Win | |
| FIRDAUSSI | Next | Best |
| IF AB. WON THOUSAND. | | |

### 4th Race 3-30 p.m.

**THE VELLARD PLATE—Div. I**
**Distance—1 Mile**

*To be ridden by Indian, Half and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.*

Winner, Rs. 4,750; 2nd Rs. 1,000 3rd Rs. 700.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Riviera (—) | .. | 9 2 |
| Repartee (Bhoor) | .. | 8 13 |
| Royal Guard (—) | .. | 8 10 |
| Time Bomb (Kheem) | .. | 8 10 |
| Pick Money (Chavan) | .. | 8 8 |
| The Roarer (Damodar) | .. | 8 3 |
| The Cavalier (Pierce) | .. | 8 3 |
| Flying Miss (Hanuman) | .. | 8 3 |
| Taslaroon (Medhe) | .. | 8 2 |
| Princessa (Sumer S.) | .. | 8 2 |
| Gold Spa (P. Khade) | .. | 8 1 |
| Black Page (Mullsingh) | .. | 8 0 |
| Tamasha (Devaney) | .. | 7 10 |
| GOLD SPA | Win | |
| PRINCESSA | Next | Best |

### 5th Race 4-00 p.m.

**THE AGA KHAN'S CUP**
**Distance—About 1 1/2 Miles**

A cup value Rs. 1,000

Winner, the Cup and Rs. 10,000; 2nd Rs. 3,000 3rd Rs. 1,500.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| First Royalty (Rickaby) | .. | 9 7 |
| Du-Bon-Air (Gilmore) | .. | 9 4 |
| Prince Ajit (Burn) | .. | 8 4 |
| Brave Prince (Amir A.) | .. | 8 2 |
| Chocolate Baby (—) | .. | 7 11 |
| Firmament (—) | .. | 7 9 |
| Gang Bhup (Shivanna) | .. | 7 4 |
| Summer Lightning (Devaney) | .. | 7 7 |
| Namdar (Shiba) | .. | 7 7 |
| FIRST ROYALTY | Win | |
| CHOCOLATE BABY | Next | Best |

### 6th Race 4-30 p.m.

**THE OKARA PLATE**
**Distance—1 Mile**

Winner, Rs. 5,500; 2nd Rs. 1,200 3rd Rs. 800.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Viveca (P. Khade) | .. | 9 2 |
| The Duke (—) | .. | 9 0 |
| Pelion (Duffy) | .. | 8 10 |
| Goodwill (Rickaby) | .. | 8 9 |
| Manisha (Gilmore) | .. | 8 9 |
| Gay Pilot (—) | .. | 8 7 |
| Khundil (Antoo) | .. | 8 6 |
| Who's That (Shiba) | .. | 8 6 |
| Rukhsana (Medhe) | .. | 8 5 |
| Chand Chakor (Damodar) | .. | 8 4 |
| The Girl Friend (Hanuman) | .. | 8 3 |
| Ghizala (Dun) | .. | 8 3 |
| Kaiyani (Kheem) | .. | 8 1 |
| Game Bid (Ghaus K) | .. | 8 0 |
| Near Image (Purtu) | .. | 8 0 |
| Post Master (—) | .. | 7 12 |
| Kirti (Kashbekar) | .. | 7 12 |
| Saita (—) | .. | 7 11 |
| Ayaaz (Mullsingh) | .. | 7 10 |
| Happy Go Lucky (—) | .. | 7 8 |
| VIVECA | Win | |
| KAIYANI | Next | Best |
| IF AB. RUKHSANA | | |

### 7th Race 5-00 p.m.

**THE C C. GULLILAND PLATE**
**Distance—1 Mile**

Winner, Rs. 10,000; 2nd Rs. 3,000; 3rd Rs. 1,500.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Diesel (Burn) | .. | 9 4 |
| Shan-E-Hind (Roberts) | .. | 8 13 |
| Pippy (Duffy) | .. | 8 13 |
| City Gates (Snaith) | .. | 8 7 |
| Neola (Kheem) | .. | 8 2 |
| Liberty Belle (Damodar) | .. | 7 13 |
| Stanbridge (Gilmore) | .. | 7 13 |
| Royal Crusader (Shaikh) | .. | 7 8 |
| Paper King (—) | .. | 7 8 |
| Roadborne (P. Khade) | .. | 7 8 |
| STANBRIDGE | Win | |
| PIPPY | Next | Best |
| IF AB. SHAN-E-HIND | | |

### 8th Race 5-30 p.m.

**THE BORIVLI PLATE—Div. I**
**Distance—7 Furlongs**

*To be ridden by Indian, Half and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.*

Winner, Rs. 4,200; 2nd Rs. 900; 3rd Rs. 500.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sangram (P. Khade) | .. | 9 4 |
| True Love (—) | .. | 9 4 |
| Vagabond Queen (Rajoo) | .. | 9 4 |
| Mohabat (Sumer S.) | .. | 9 2 |
| Red Carnation (Kheemsingh) | .. | 9 0 |
| Nizamuddin (Kadam) | .. | 8 13 |
| Princess Dominic (Amir A.) | .. | 8 12 |
| Village Green (Jagdesh) | .. | 8 12 |
| Gun Drill (Damodar) | .. | 8 11 |
| Bansiwale (B. Khalil) | .. | 8 10 |
| Pre Catalan (—) | .. | 8 9 |
| Mirella (I. Khan) | .. | 8 8 |
| Reshone (J. Bhosle) | .. | 8 1 |
| Moonface (Purtu) | .. | 8 1 |
| Pick Pocket (—) | .. | 7 12 |
| Shirazi (Shiba) | .. | 7 8 |
| Mah Khurshid (Z. K. Khan) | .. | 7 7 |
| SANGRAM | Win | |
| TRUE LOVE | Next | Best |

**CHOICE TREBLE**
H. R. H.
ANANT LAKSHMI
SANGRAM

**FLUKES**
EMBARKATION
PICK MONEY

## Exhibition Football Match In Ludhiana

LUDHIANA Dec. 24, (PTI).

The Sutlej Cotton Mills (Okara Pakistan) football team defeated Ludhiana Selected Eleven by two goals to nil in an exhibition match played here this evening.

## Indo-U.S. Point Four Aid Pact

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25.

It is learnt that Thursday December 28 has been fixed for signing Indo-U.S. agreement for Point Four Aid. This agreement will be of a preliminary nature defining the role of both the Governments. The details of the aid will be the subject of another agreement to be signed early in January.


BOMBAY RACES

8th DAY

WINTER MEETING

TUESDAY,
26th December
at 2 p. m.

CHIEF EVENT

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP

STAKES
Rs. 14,500

DAY ENTRANCE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Gents | .. | Rs. 5/8 |
| Ladies | .. | Rs. 3/8 |
| 2nd Enclosure | .. | Rs. 3/8 |


# C. S. NAYUDU SKITTLES TOURISTS OUT FOR 171

## *W. Bengal Governor's XI Lead By 77 Runs With 6 Wkts. In Hand*

*CALCUTTA, Dec. 25 (PTI).*

***ON the eve of the third "Test" beginning here next Saturday the India leg-break and googly bowler, C. S. Nayudu, touched his best form for several seasons to skittle out the Commonwealth tourists for 171—their lowest total of the tour—on the second dey of their match against the West Bengal Governor Eleven today.***

The tourists, however, led the home side by five runs in the first innings. The tourists had failed to top the 200 mark only twice before, on both occasions on matting wicket. It was indeed the grand bowling by Nayudu that was responsible for the discomfixture of the visitors on their turf wicket.

The wicket undoubtedly aided the spinners but that alone did not explain the dearth of stroke-play on the part of the visitors, even their skipper, a fast player, taking 76 minutes to score 17. Nayudu, who bowled four overs yesterday, continued to peg away throughout the innings unchanged, sending down twentyfive overs, and never allowed batsmen any liberties. He was well worth his final analysis of five wickets—in a row—for fiftysix runs.

Montu Banerji, who was none too effective with his pace, kept up the other end almost unchanged. He broke the ball either way and kept an impeccable length to act as a perfect foil to Nayudu.

Banerji claimed the first wicket today, that of Fishlock. After Nayudu had run through five more batsmen, Banerji bagged two tail-enders and the Commonwealth were all out shortly after lunch after eight of their wickets had toppled down for 102 runs.

The home side, in the second venture, lost four wickets for 82 runs at close of play.

Ajit Dasgupta, who opened for them, played tenacious cricket to remain not out at the end of the day with a valuable thirtyseven.

The match is now in an interesting stage. The home side, leading by 77 runs with six wickets in hand, should score at least 150 runs more keeping the tourists on the field for some time after the luncheon in the process, to reach anywhere near safety. For if they are all out by lunch for the addition of 120 runs the tourists will be left with enough time to score off the required runs for a victory.

But, on this turning wicket, it will defenitely be a hard task. On the other hand the tourists can by no means be sanguine of forcing their way to victory after their display today and will have to take many chances. In any case a day of exciting cricket seems to be in the offing.

**W. Bengal Governor's XI (1st Innings) 166**

**Commonwealth XI (1st Innings)**

L. B. Fishlock c Pose b Montu Banerjee 53, H. Gimblett c B. Dasgupta b Montu Banerjee 22, G. M. Emmett l-b-w b P. Chatterjee 2, L. E. G. Ames l-b-w b C. S. Nayudu 17, K. Grieves l-b-w b C. S. Nayudu 0, B. Dooland b C. S. Nayudu 2, G. Tribe c Frank b C. S. Nayudu 27, D. Shackleton c B. Dasgupta b C. S. Nayudu 18, H. Stephenson not out 4, R. R. Dovey b Montu Banerjee 1, F. Ridgway c Nayudu b Montu Banerjee 2, Extras 23, Total 171.

Fall of Wickets: 1/52; 2/69; 3/92; 4/97; 5/105; 6/116; 7/116; 8/158; 9/163; 10/171.

Bowling Analysis: Shute Banerji 9-0-44-0; Montu Banerji 25.4-8-44-4; C. S. Nayudu 25-3-56-5; Premangsu Chatterji 3-0-4-1.

**W. Bengal Governor's XI (2nd Innings)**

Ajit Dasgupta not batting 37; Bonu Dasgupta l-b-w 11, P. Roy l-b-w b Tribe 14, S. Bose b Tribe 0, B. Frank b Dovey 3, P. Sen batting 1, Extras 16, Total (for 4 wkts.) 82.

Fall of Wickets: 1/29; 2/59; 3/65; 4/65.

Bowling Analysis: F. Ridgway 11-3-16-1; R. R. Dovey 10-5-9-1; G. Tribe 11-3-37-2; B. Dooland 1-0-4-0.

# IMPRESSIVE DISPLAYS BY RUKHSANA & STANBRIDGE

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Monday.

**THE following spurts have been noted in connection with Tuesday's races:-**

**Outer Tan**

VIVECA (RB) was well infront of ANANT LAKSHMI (RB) and GOLD SPA (Khade) when covering three furlongs in 37 secs. The first-named is at his best at the moment.

MARIE LOUISE (Snaith) shaped better than STAR SAPHIRE (Whiteside) when out at fair pace over three furlongs Timing 39 secs.

GHIZALA (Durr) was very well in hand when returning 40 sec. for a spurt over three furlongs.

RUKHSANA (Medhe) held comfortably REPARTEE (Bhoor) when doing an excellent spurt over three furlongs from 10 to 7 in 38 secs.

MANISHA (Gilmore) was not fully extended when clocking three furlongs in 39 -1|2 secs.

MAHARAJ PRAMUKH (Kheem) and NATIONAL FLAG (Khade) were out for airing over half mile. Timing 55 secs.

NEAR IMAGE (Hanuman) covered three furlongs in 39 secs.

WHO'S THAT (Shiba) negotiated three furlongs in 38 secs.

SHAN-E-HIND (Roberts) moved over three furlongs in 37-1|2 secs. He was not seriously pressed.

NIZAMUDDIN (Kadam) went better than PRE CATALAN (Devaney) and SHOW ON (RB) when covering three furlongs in 38 secs.

EMBARKATION (R. Bhosle) covered half mile in 52 secs.

CHOCOLATE BABY (Khade) did an easy spurt over three furlongs in 38 secs. She is sure to run well on Tuesday.

LIBERTY BELLE (Damodar) disposed of SUMMER LIGHTNING (Devaney) when covering three furlongs in 38 secs.

CHAND CHAKOR (Guman) held GUN DRILL (RB) when negotiating three furlongs in 38 secs.

KIRTI (Kasbekar) moved over three furlongs in 37 secs.

STANBRIDGE (Jagdesh) travelled very easy and was attended by GOODWILL (Rajoo) when worked over three furlongs. He returned 37-1|2 secs.

NEW ERA (Whiteside) was not extended when clocking three furlongs in 40 secs.

THE CAVALIER (Pierce) covered three furlongs in 39 secs.

NAMDAR (Shiba) moved easily over three furlongs and returned 29 secs.

PICK MONEY (Chavan) had the measure of FLYING MISS (Hanuman) and PARDESI (RB) when sent over three furlongs. She returned 37 secs.

DU-BON-AIR (Narsi) made a trip over half mile from 8 to 4 in 54 secs.

FIRST ROYALTY (Ht. Md.) was not stretched when covering three furlongs in 39 secs. She is in fine fettle.

PRINCE AJIT (RB) travelled over the last three and clocked 38 secs.

INDY (Damodar) covered three furlongs in 38 secs.

TASLAROON (Medhe) moved in hand and CLOCKED three furlongs in 40 secs.

RACE TRACK.

RED CARNATION (Kheem) disposed of MALABAR STAR (R.B.) The speedy filly deturned 36 secs.

ROADBORNE (Khade) had the poor company of LONDON TAN (Dinkar) when covering three furlongs in 36 secs.

STAR MONEY (Amir) put a poor show when covering three furlongs in 42-1|2 secs.

# CITY MARKETS

## SHARE BAZAR

BOMBAY, Dec. 25.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was officially closed today. Privately Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1942/8.

## GOLD & SILVER

### Active Speculative Buying

BOMBAY, Dec. 25.

The local bullion market was again firm today on further active speculative buying which pushed up prices. The market is manipulated by professional operators and the general feeling being bullish on developments in the Korean war, prices moved up rapidly. Short sellers were compelled to cover their unprotected interest and with scarcity of contracts, there seems no chance for any important decline. However the statistical position is weakening owing to large arrivals and small demand.

At the opening forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 187/8 and declined at Rs. 187/4 under scattered selling but advanced at Rs. 188/4 on renewed speculative buying. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 187/12.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 111/8 and declining at Rs. 111/4 advanced at Rs. 112 and steadied at Rs. 111/14. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 111/10 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76.

Final closing quotations were as under:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 187 | 12 | 0 |
| Forward | 188 | 3 | 0 |
| Ready Gold | 112 | 4 | 0 |
| Forward | 112 | 4 | 0 |

## Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Dec. 26.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 120 Ready Japan | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 150 Ready Japan | 9 | 1 | 0 |
| 120 Ready Italy | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| 150 Ready Italy | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| 150 D. Box Jan. | 1564 | | |
| 150 D. Box Feb. | 1558 | | |

# DYES & CHEMICALS

BOMBAY, Dec. 26.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SAPTHOLS | | |
| CAS | 10 | 2 |
| CBS | 12 | 12 |
| CBO | 13 | 10 |
| CSW | 16 | 0 |
| CSG | 20 | 0 |
| Fast Scarlet CKRC Base | 11 | 8 |
| Fast Scarlet CKR Base | 12 | 8 |
| Fast Red CKCR Base | 11 | 8 |
| Fast Red CB Base | 16 | 8 |
| Fast Garnet CKGBC Base | 6 | 0 |
| Fast Yellow COG Base | 7 | 8 |
| Fast Corinth CB Base | 9 | 0 |
| Fast Orange CKCR Base | 10 | 4 |
| Fast Orange CGC Base | 10 | 4 |
| Fast Bordeaux CGP Base | 16 | 8 |
| Fast Blue CB Base | 20 | 8 |
| Fast Scarlet CG Base | 7 | 0 |
| Fast Bordeaux CGP Salt | 5 | 14 |
| Fast Blue CB Salt | 7 | 4 |
| Fast Blue CBB Salt | 18 | 8 |
| Fast Scarlet CKR Salt | 5 | 14 |
| Fast Orange GC Salt | 5 | 0 |
| DIRECT COLOURS | | |
| Direct Black Extra | 5 | 0 |
| Direct Yellow 5G | 11 | 0 |
| Direct Sky Blue Extra | 8 | 0 |
| Diazo Black Extra | 5 | 4 |
| Crysophenine G Extra | 13 | 8 |
| Benzopurpurine 4B | 6 | 8 |
| Benzo Red 12B | 18 | 0 |
| Tarquoise Blue G | 15 | 8 |
| Congo Red H Dark (56) | 4 | 2 |
| SULPHUR COLOURS | | |
| Sulphur Black 692 | 3 | 8 |
| Sulphur Black HK Grains | 3 | 4 |
| Sulphur Black Calco | 2 | 12 |
| Sulphur Black CBO | 2 | 8 |
| Alizarine 20 per cent Paste | 200 | 0 |
| Alizarine 100 per cent Powder | 8 | 12 |
| ACID BASIC AND OTHERS | | |
| Methylene Blue Extra | 7 | 8 |
| Metanil Yellow Elephant | 2 | 12 |
| Metanil Yellow Extra | 4 | 8 |
| Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps | 7 | 8 |
| Magenta Extra O | 9 | 0 |
| Diamond Green | 8 | 0 |
| Bismark Brown Extra | 4 | 8 |
| Malachite Green Crys. | 8 | 4 |
| Auramine Extra CO | 8 | 4 |
| Acid Orange Extra | 3 | 0 |
| Acid Scarlet | 4 | 0 |
| Kumkum Scarlet | 7 | 0 |
| Rhodamine B Extra 500 p.c. | 21 | 0 |
| VAT FAST DYES | | |
| Vat Blue GCDN | 40 | 0 |
| Vat Blue RSN | 43 | 0 |
| Vat Dark Blue BO | 45 | 0 |
| Vat Brilt. Green B 900 | 35 | 0 |
| Vat Brilt. Green B 3.200 | 125 | 0 |
| Vat Brilt. Green 2G Highly Conc. | | |
| Vat Brilt. Green B Highly Conc. | 75 | 0 |
| Vat Green B Paste | 19 | 8 |
| Vat Red Violet RR | 45 | 0 |
| Vat Yellow GC | 42 | 0 |
| Vat Violet 2R and 4R | 56 | 0 |
| Vat Pink R | 70 | 0 |
| PRINTING COLOURS | | |
| Printosol CO 4B | 32 | 0 |
| Printosol Blue IBC | 56 | 0 |
| Printosol Green IB | 81 | 0 |
| Golden Yellow ICK | 78 | 0 |
| Rapid Red | 18 | 12 |
| " Orange | 16 | 0 |
| " Yellow | 14 | 0 |
| " Blue | 17 | 0 |
| Rapidozen Blue and Violet | 24 | 8 |
| Indigo 60 per cent Grains | 5 | 0 |
| Indigo 60 per cent 1lb. pkg. | 5 | 8 |
| CHEMICALS | | |
| Bisulphite of Soda | 160 | 0 |
| Turkey Red Oil | 47 | 0 |
| Monopol Nepthol Soap | 47 | 0 |
| Sitric Acid | 400 | 0 |
| Soda Bycarb Powder | 28 | 0 |
| Copper Sulphite | | |
| White Sugar of Lead | 165 | 0 |
| Brown Sugar of Lead | 125 | 0 |
| Trisodium Phosphate | 125 | 0 |
| Bleaching Powder big | 82 | 0 |
| Bleaching Powder small | 84 | 0 |
| Hydrosulphite of Soda | 4 | 8 |
| Sodium Sulphite English big | 70 | 0 |
| Sodium Sulphite Indian small | 55 | 0 |
| Sulphite of Alumina Pure | 22 | 0 |
| Bichromate of Pottash | 132 | 0 |
| Bichromate of Soda | 80 | 0 |
| Aniline Salt | 2 | 2 |
| Acetic Acid | 1 | 11 |
| Borax Acid | 65 | 0 |
| Formal De Hyde small | 0 | 12 |
| Nitrite of Soda | 70 | 0 |
| Rangolite C | 3 | 4 |

OUR LONDON LETTER

# A-BOMB CANNOT ANNIHILATE MAN

## Peaceful Use Of Atomic Energy Will Lead To Happiness

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, By Air.

**THE news magazine of the Atomic Scientists Association says the atomic scientists must make it widely known that atomic energy is not something that brings man's annihilation appreciably nearer to realisation. It is the promise of the amelioration of human life through abundant energy, ever more improvement in medical science, and general advancement in human achievement an extension of man's happiness once he has turned, from the way of war to those of peace".**

The same issue of the magazine contains the following quotation from the American Bulletin of Atomic Scientists; "The area that can be poisoned with the fission products available to us today is disappointingly small; not more than two or three major cities per month".

One of the measures that will be introduced in Ireland early next year will be a scheme to provide every mother and child in the Republic free medical treatment.

The scheme, it is said, has advantages over similar schemes in Britain and Sweden since it will be entirely non-contributory and without a means test.

A new social Welfare Bill has been introduced in the Parliament of the Irish Republic: It the Bill is passed every worker in the country, including farmers will be brought into a national scheme of social insurance.

The Irish Government feels that social security is desirable not alone as an instalment of social justice but as a practical contribution towards strengthening the economic and national fibres of the Irish nation

It thinks it is obligatory on the modern state to make provision for those in the community who face the possibility of interruption of their earnings because of illness or unemployment.

It is believed in London that General Hans Speidel, former Chief of Staff to Rommel, will be entrusted with the task of building up the West German defence force. Speidel, who is 55, is at present a professor of philosophy at Tubingen University. A few months ago chancellor Adenauer asked him to work in the West German Security Office.

The Germans claim that Speidel was never a Nazi and that he would be able to build up a defence force free from the taint of Nazism.

**RUSSIANS IN BULGARIA**

The Soviet citizens have now the same right to work in Bulgarian Government services as the Bulgarians. Information reaches Whitehall that a decree putting the Russians on equal footing with Bulgarians was recently passed by the Bulgarian National Assembly.

The new arrangement, it is pointed out in London, will enable the Soviet Union to put Soviet experts in the Bulgarian Army. A Soviet citizen may even be appointed Commander-in-Chief.

At present there are no Red Army troops in Bulgaria, but Russia, it is said, has been building up separate dumps of military stores in Bulgaria which could be used by the Red Army in an emergency.

**CHRISTMAS IN LONDON**

Christmas is in the air. Not the spirit of charity and fellow feeling, but the spirit of merry-making. The big stores have magnificent display on the walls with glittering Christmas trees. Singers are busy singing carols and collecting money. Toys, this year, are more expensive and seem a bit more warminded than last year. A good use has been made of science to evolve gadgets which are both interesting and educative. There is a toy helicopter which can land at any given point from the air by slight digital pressure. There is an aeroplane which loops the loop and performs other aerial gymnastics while attached to a revolving wire. Many of the mechanical toys on display in London this year come from the American zone of Germany.

**COMMERCIAL RACKET**

Londoner's approach to Christmas has come in for severe censure at the hands of Archedecon of Caven who feels Christmas is becoming a rump.

He said at his Sunday sermon that the 'profligate' way the Christmas was anticipated disgusted him. "Even two months before you see walking the streets some terrible specimen of manhood in long red gowns with white trimmings and false beards, calling themselves Santa Claus. People who take children to see them ought to know it is a commercial racket which spoils the spirit of Christmas."

It disturbed him to see that even in some churches there were plays and carols weeks before Christmas, so that when the festival came it was like a damp squib. "We have no right to anticipate" because Adevent is designed as a penitential season in which we make ready to receive news Christmas tide. If we anticipate there is nothing left when Christmas comes".

## U. S. Recognises Indian Timber Expert

BANGALORE, Dec. 25, (PTI): Dr. S Kamesam, timber expert has received intimation that his "ascue" wood preservation process is accepted as standard practice for wood preservation by the American wood preservers' association.

This is the first Asian wood preservation formula to receive this recognition. Dr. Kamesam's method is known in America as "green salt" or "erdolith".

## Transport Service Depot Burgled

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25, (PTI): Seven thousand rupees in cash was reported to have been stolen from the safe of one of the depots of the Delhi Transport Service during the early hours of today.

The amount was the depot's entire collections for Sunday, December 24.

## FAITH IN PEACE REAFFIRMED

### W. German Chancellor's Call To Nation

BONN, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): West German Chancellor Dr. Adenauer in a Christmas message broadcast said: 'There is no wish that moves us more deeply either as individuals or as nation than the desire for peace".

He added: "We will not abandon hopes that peace will be preserved in the coming years. But we should not deceive ourselves that peace is exposed to very great threats. A large part of the world had abandoned the ethical and spiritual ideals of Christianity and formed a political power that threatens the peaceful and freedom-loving nations".

"Those who want peace must collect their strength and courage for defence of their vital principles against the threatening attack."

"It is the natural right of indivduals or of nations to preserve and make secure their existence. It would be irresponsible if the West German Government did not defend this right and were not ready together with other peace-loving nations to stand for it."

## 1 MORE DEATH IN PLANE CRASH IN ROCKIES

### Sixteen Alive; Rescue Work Going On

PENTICTON, (British Columbia), Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): The co-pilot of the Canadian Pacific Airliner which crashed in the Rocky Mountains last Friday died yesterday making the deathroll to two. There were 18 on board.

Six survivors were taken to safety last night but other passengers and a steward were still crambling down snow-covered mountainsides.

A rescue team which reached the plane last night reported it crash-landed only a few hundred yards from a deep ravine. The Pilot Captain Quinton Moore, died. The wreckage on 9,500-foot mountain Okanagan, had been spotted from the air. Passengers waved burning sticks from a fire they had made to draw the attention of rescuers. Three paratroops jumped to join the survivors with medical supplies while a rescue party set out on foot.

**TRUDGE TO SAFETY**

PENTICTON, (British Columbia), Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).—All 16 survivors of the Canadian Pacific airliner crash in the Rocky Mountains last Friday reached safely last night after trudging down the snow-covered mountain side.

All were uninjured.

The pilot, Captain Quinton Moore, of Vancouver, and his co-pilot died in the crash.

Ground rescue team had trudged through snow, slush and rain to the wreck.

## *PUNJAB MAIL DISASTER CASE*

DEOGHUR, Dec. 25 (UPI): After examination of four more prosecution witnesses in the Punjab Mail disaster case yesterday, Shri H. N. Sinha, Special Magistrate adjourned the case till January 15, next.

Bhabatosh Bose in his examination, deposed that while he was supervising nursing to the injured at the Deoghur hospital, he met Kanailal and Nirapada Bhattacharjee there. They told him that when they boarded the ill fated train at Asansol they noticed one Muslim who came to their compartment wherein there were many other Muslims. Following conversation among them all Muslim passengers left the compartment with their bags and baggages. In the course of his cross-examination the witness said that he did not enquire from Kanailal how many Muslims were there in their compartment.

## Spanish Ambassador To America

WASHINGTON December 25, (PTI-Reuter): Senor Felix Lequerica, former Spanish Foreign Minister is expected to be the new Spanish Ambassador to the United States, informed officials reported here.

Mr. Stanton Griffiths, who has been the United States Ambassador to Argentina is expected to represent this country in Spain.

With the exchange of Ambassadors, America's five-year diplomatic snubbing of Spain will be ended.

**During the past 24 hours, 5,495 Hindus and 3,408 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 6,324 Hindus and 2,651 Muslims left.**

## MIDNIGHT MASS AT NAZARETH

NAZARETH, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).—Church bells rang out as thousands assembled for midnight Christmas mass here. They included pilgrims from all parts of the world.

The Church of the annunciation proved too small to hold the thousands who gathered outside the gates. Police had some difficulty in controlling the crowds but succeeded in maintaining order.

Solemn mass at the Church of the Annunciation was conducted by Monsignor Antonio Beradi, Head of the Francican Convent.

The British Minister, Sir Alexander Knox and other members of the Diplomatic corps and consular missions attended together with Mr. Ian Mikardo, British Socialist Member of Parliament.

The Jordan authorities had earlier refused to grant a visa to Mr. Mikardo to cross to Bethlehem.

## POPE ATTENDS MIDNIGHT MASS

LONDON, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter). Pope Pius XII celebrated the Christmas Night Mass in Saint Peters Basilica, Rome,

It lasted an hour and was attended by an estimated 45,000 people according to radio reports received here.

The mass was of special importance since in other years Saint Peter's Basilica has remained closed and the Pope has attended mass in the Vatican Chapel.

## The Pilgrims' Progress

JERUSALEM, December 25 (PTI-Reuter): Twenty carloads of diplomat pilgrims and their families left Jerusalem for Bathleham last night over the traditional road used by the three Wise Men.

A star shone over the Church of the Nativity, where Christ was born just as the star shone over the stable and guided the Wise Men on the first Christmas Eve.

Israeli blue-coated civil policemen and redcapped military policemen in khaki uniforms wished a happy Christmas to the diplomats at the check post, some three miles south of Jerusalem.

The pilgrims followed painted white lines indicating where mines had been lifted from the road leading to no man's land and thence to Jordan-held territory.

## TRUMAN PRESSES A KEY

INDEPENDENCE, Missouri, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter): President Truman, spending the holiday here by his fireside, pressed a gold telegraph key last night and lit up the nation's Christmas tree on the lawns of the White House in Washington.

The United States President has a family Christmas tree close by him, brightly decorated and surrounded with packages.

## Pak Cotton Ordinance Has No Effect On Prices

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Dec. 25.

The new Cotton Ordinance about the setting up of a Cotton Board had no particular effect upon the cotton prices which were unchanged to 8 annas better. But the declining trend which had been in vogue for the past fortnight came to be arrested on the ground that Government support will set at rest the nervousness prevailing in Punjab markets as the result of pressure of new crop arrivals and poor export demand.

It may be pointed out that during the past week cotton prices have been sinking down because of the accumulation of local stocks and indifferent export demand. Arrivals into Karachi since Sept. 1 have totalled about four-and-half lakh bales which are twice of the corresponding period last year. Export enquiry since the enhancement of the export duty has been very disappointing.

Pending the fixation of "floors", the market is likely to remain in a state of uncertainty as both buyers and sellers will be adopting a waiting policy.

## Trade Link Brings People Closer

### ABDULLAH ON ARTS EMPORIUM

CALCUTTA Dec. 25 (UPI): "By the establishment of this trade link, our two people will come closer to understand and sympathise with each other's customs, culture and problems," said Jammu and Kashmir Chief Minister Sheikh Abdullah, on the occasion of the opening of the Kashmir Government Arts Emporium in Calcutta this evening.

The function of the Emporium, Sheikh Abdullah explained, would be to make available to the people goods at fixed prices and to disseminate information and knowledge about the production of goods on sale. Besides, he added: "It will be an interpretor of demand trends to production centres and will thereby enable us to create true harmony between the interests of producers and consumers to the advantage of both. In the achievement of this happy consummation, the people of Bengal, known for their artistic talents and their love for things beautiful, can play a great part by taking a sympathetic and critical interest in the activities of the new organisation."

Emphasising the importance of Kashmiri art-crafts which had won world admiration, Sheikh Abdullah said: "It is a matter of national importance for us therefore, to do everything in our power to protect these art-crafts not only because they represent an integral part of our cultural heritage, but because their rationalisation would enable us in the best possible manner, to achieve that balance between large-scale industries on the one side and small-scale establishments on the other, which ought to be the objective of a planned economy."

## CLOSER LINK BETWEEN INDIA & CHINA NEEDED

### Mookherji's Call

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 25, (PTI): Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerji presiding over the annual meeting of the Sino-Indian Society here last night said that despite differences in political outlook of their respective Governments, India and China had to maintain their friendly relations. He said great political revolutions had taken place which changed the character of the Chinese Government. Similarly, another revolution hd taken place in India whereby the people of India had won independence after 200 years of foreign domination. If there was close understanding between the peoples of these two countries, if both worked in unison and were determined to maintain peace in the world, it would undoubtedly become the most powerful factor in world politics Dr. Mookherjee said. The people of India and China would also exert a great influence in the maintenance of peace of the world now threatened by another world war and would also help Asia to her feet again, he added.

Dr. Mookherjee stated that he had no informatino that the money that used to come from China for the maintenance of the Society had stopped. It was a vital question and should be immediately taken up so that the good work done by the Society might continue he added.

## KEEP PACE WITH TIME: HAVE FAITH IN FUTURE

### Kashmir Premier's Advice To Nationalist Muslims

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25, (PTI): The Kashmir Premier, Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah advised the nationalists Muslims of India today to keep pace with the time. An outdated, unscientific mode of life would only culminate in revolt by the younger generation he added.

Sheikh Abdullah, who was replying to an address of welcome given to him by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hindi, said that though the nationalist Muslims had suffered much in India's struggle for independence, they must have implicit confidence in future.

That faith, when expressed without favour or frown of any one, could deliver the goods, he added.

# Story Behind Airways India Plane's Force-Landing

## 2 DEATHS DUE TO GAS POISONING SAYS E. BENGAL GOVERNMENT

DACCA, Dec. 25 (PTI).

**THE EAST BENGAL Government in a Press Note issued yesterday said that some reports appearing in the Calcutta Press, on the action taken by them in conveying information and rendering assistance to the passengers of the Airways India Dakota which force-landed on December 17 near Tangail were "misleading".**

The Press Note said: "The plane was carrying some deleterious materials booked as "photographic and block materials" as freight addressed to the "Assam Tribune." When the plane had reached Tangail, the Air Hostess found fumes coming out of the packagt compartment and conveyed this information to the Co-Pilot who used the fire extinguisher on the package. This resulted in more profuse fumigation. A few of the passengers broke open some of the windows to let in fresh air. The crew decided on a crash-landing and within ten minutes the plane was brought down. The forced-landing caused no damage to the plane or injury to the passengers".

**NO OUTWARD SIGNS**

On receipt of the information the Airport Officer at Dacca went to the spot where the passengers told him that they were all well. None of the passengers showed any outward sign of injury or shock, the Press Note said.

It added: "The passengers refused to go to Tangail where they could be more comfortable on the ground that they were all well and wonderful like to get away as soon as the plane could fly. In the night however, one of the passengers, Mr Himmet Singhkha suddenly started gasping and died Subsequently the Co-Pilot also developed same symptoms and expired After this some of the passengers who were indisposed were persuaded to go to the Tangail Hospital.

The Press Note added that the Airport Officer had been in constant touch with the Indian Civil Aviation authorities at Dum Dum and the Airways India and all the news as well as the assistance given to the passengers was being regularly supplied to the appropriate authorities.

The Press Note expressed the Government's sympathy with the "unfortunate victims of gas-poisoning" and commended all the officers for their initative, prompt action and continuous attention in providing all possible assistance and comfort to the crews and passengers and conveying information to all concerned with utmost expedition.

# Land Of Peace And Plenty

**I WONDER if there has been anything in the history of the world quite so miraculous as the story of Australia. It is just over a hundred years since we have heard of it. Stretching over a vast area in the middle of the Pacific, one and a half times as large as the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent, this massive island block was unknown to the civilized world till Captain Cook, the intrepid English navigator, discovered it about the middle of the last century, writes Basil P. Norton in "Foreign Review".**

This Yorkshire labourer's son ran away to sea to discover the antipodes or the other side of the world, but instead landed on beautiful green virgin soil covered with fresh bright vegetation that smiled and welcomed the strange explorers who seemed to have arrived from another world. Cook was so entranced with the delightful scene that he named his landing-spot Botany Bay. It appeared to him a veritable paradise which vindicated the daring of his adventurous spirit. But the British Government were loth to take advantage of Cook's discovery and explore the rich prospects of a new British colony Instead, they decided to despatch their convicts to this vast uncharted continent, six thousand miles away, to serve their time of exile free and untrammelled in the wilderness of three million square miles to expatiate their crimes. And they did justify their expiation by making the greatest reparation to the mother country that any community of unsullied reputation could have bestowed on the British race.

**They presented England with a great empire on the other side of the world, now the bulwark and bastion of the British race in the Southern Seas.**

Australasia, in which we include New Zealand, Tasmania, and the chain of south sea islands surrounding them, is one of the oldest land masses in the world, but as a colonial nation, it is the youngest offspring of the British Empire.

## Unexplored Land

Today, with a population of not more than 8,000,000 inhabitants, she may well be proud of being one of the most advanced and industrialized countries of the world.

Australia has immense spaces of unexplored land which will suffice to populate several hundred millions of humans, perhaps half of Europe, which in its present distrait condition will do with a LEBENSRAUM for its war-displaced people. To think that seven or eight million inhabitants have to develop a land of 3,000,000 square miles and defend its possession against hordes of land-seekers, is a difficult problem to solve.

**The bulk of Australian civilization ranges around the 6,000 miles of coastline where all the main towns, cities, industrial centres, and modern activities are located.**

As we move further inland from the coast we come to the agricultural, pastoral, and forest lands where the main wealth of Australia is concentrated, but distances are so great that it is practically impossible to spread or overlap wide regions for colonization purposes. Hence, we find that most farms and cattle ranches tend to cling as close as possible to the coastal fringe. The map shows by comparison how utterly inadequate is the population actually engaged in making good the claims to the land which has already been leased. It comprises a coastal belt of Queensland, extending further inland along the railway, westward from Brisbane; a broader belt of Eastern New South Wales: almost the whole of non-mountainous Victoria; a south-eastern patch of South Australia with its centre on Adelaide; and a south-western patch in Western Australia. These areas of comparatively close settlement, it will be noted, are very well served by railways. Beyond, are scattered towns which can be classified best as those which have some degree of expert care for health, and those which have not.

The telegraph system beyond the railways will be seen to extend from Wyndham in the north of Western Australia, down the western coast to the railway at Geraldton; to cross South Australia, Central Australia, and North Australia from Adelaide in the south to Darwin on the northern coast; and from Brisbane in Queensland to Thursday Island and Burketown in the north, with a more inland route by Charleville to Cloncurry and Camooweal, sending off a few deadened branches on the way.

## Development Problem

Also, commercial flying services are working or being organised round the coast from Wyndham following the telegraph line in the west, the inter-state railway in the south and connecting up the capital cities of Perth, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane with an extension north-westward from Brisbane to Cloncurry, Normanton, Camooweal, Daly-Waters and eventually to Darwin.

This is the framework of the communication system of Australia by rail, wire, and air. The country is now served with an excellent automobile road service, and buses ply along trunk roads far into the interior of the country.

It must be borne in mind, however, that this framework of communication covers a continent of about 2,400 miles broad, east to west and about 2,000 miles, north to south. Moreover, a quarter of the population, about 2,000,000, live in the capitals on the coast and the remainder within 200 miles of the eastern and southern coasts. The supreme problem is the development of the rest of the occupiable area of at least 2,000,000 square miles.

To think that little has been done would be the grossest injustice to a spendid succession of brave pioneers. There is a scattering of adventurous land reclaimers almost everywhere. These humanitarian missionaries have made it their sacred duty to bring sloace, comfort, and cheer to the lonely ranches, farms and pastoral settlements in the isolated and distant interior.

All religious denominations combine in ministering to the Bush-lands, and they send forth their Bush padres on inland tours to establish nursing homes, clubs, and entertainment institutes in every remote part of the land.

Round the Australian Inland Mission run by the Presbyterians, has gathered a rally of all who feel keenly the need of a "mantle of safety" as they call their skilled attendance on the sick and suffering. This "mantle" is spread over the vast thinly inhabited inland known as the Bush. Its work is national in scope and is subsidized in its developments by the Commonwealth Government. How is this done in these vast wilds? it is operated by the use of the telegraph or telephone and in emergencies by the wireless, when flying services of doctors and nurses to suffering patients are speedily rendered. The Inland Mission has a flying service which covers a radius of over three hundred miles from their hospital centres, and the best medical skill and nursing comforts are secured over practically the whole of the habitable inland of Australia.

## Missionaries

Cloncurry in the north is chosen as the chief centre on a account of its very efficient flying service and its central telegraph line. It is a sparsely settled district which in the wet monsoon season is liable to long local isolation from impassable roads. It is also the centre for the Queensland Motor Ambulance Transport Brigade working at distances of nearly forty miles and sometimes answering call over a hundred miles away. The Aerial Medical Service of the Mission is responsible for cases beyond the reach of ambulance transport when it has to fly to attend accidents or emergencies and convey patients to the hospital. The flying service is contracted for by the Queensland and Northern Territory Aerial Service known as the QUANTAS which has always a plane ready to be used as an ambulance with accommodation for the doctor, nurse, and patient. The Government bears half the expense and the Mission the remainder.

There are more than a score of transmitting stations round the coast, but only five at inland stations; so the mission uses movable stations based on motor vehicles which is the continent's great standby in travel.

One of Australia's greatest industries is wool. Extensive tracts of land are reserved for sheep farming and some of the best types and breeds are to be found in the country.

Dairy produce and wheat come next in importance in the island's wealth, and a large part of Australia's food products go to feed the mother-country.

The colony is now rapidly developing its heavy industries in the shape of plant and machinery, but for its disadvantage of mining facilities the prospective search for raw metals has not met with much success. Gold "finds" however are adding to the wealth of the country and soon Australia hopes to be successful in its discovery of other metal ores. Ship-building is making headway too, but owing to its need of the required volume of labour this industry is meeting with serious handicaps.

Australia is one of the richest countries of the world and thanks to its sparse population it can well afford to be self-sufficient and free from the gnawing dread of hunger and want which is ravaging the rest of the world. It is a highly industrialized country as well, and does not suffer from the scarcity of skilled technical labour which is the chief means of production Its small and enlightened population can well afford to enjoy a high standard of life and ward off the dangers that threaten to sweep less fortunate countries. No wonder that this island-continent draws all nations toward it with the hope that it may help mankind to achieve the peace and plenty the world yearns for today.

## NEED FOR INDO-CHINESE FRIENDSHIP

### Dr. Rajendra Prasad's Message

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 25 (PTI): President Rajendra Prasad in a message to Sino-Indian Society here on the occasion of its annual meeting held last night, said that the urgent need of the present day was to bring about between resurgent China and renaissant India a close understanding of each other's ideals, interests and cultures.

"On the satisfactory fulfilment of this, depends the peace and prosperity of the whole world", he added

## LOCUSTS REAPPEAR AT SORATH

### Serious Damage To Crops

JUNAGADH, Dec. 25 (UPI): Locusts have once again made their appearance in the Sorath district and have become a severe menace. According to official figures received, about one-fourth of the standing crops in the affected areas have already been damaged.

The affected areas are between Wanthali to Porbundar and from villages Pransawa and Bijapur, some five miles from Junagadh, right upto Bilkha and Visavader. The crops are mainly wheat and jowar.

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# Kashmir To Link Up With India

## ABDULLAH'S ASSERTION

CALCUTTA, December 25 (UPI).

THE emphatic declaration that Kashmir has decided once for all to link up its destiny with India, irrespective of what Pakistan or even the whole world might think about it, was made by Sher-e-Kashmir Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah today.

The Kashmir Chief Minister, who was speaking at a reception held this evening by the Kashmir Nationalists' Association, said: 'Like a beautiful girl with many suitors, Kashmir is surrounded by too many lovers, but she would link up her future only with great progressive state like India and she knows that her safety, security and prosperity lie in her permanently acceding to India".

Dismissing all what he called 'silly suggestions and insinuation", that Kashmir should merge with Pakistan since it is a Muslim-majority area, the Sheikh Saheb remarked: "Kashmir has been in the past governed by the Mughals, Pathans, Sikhs, and Dogras. All of them, irrespective of the religion, exploited Kashmiri's resources for their own comfort and luxury and enslaved the common man".

Before concluding, the Kashmir leader addressed himself direct to the Kashmir merchants, whom he described as the "unofficial ambassadors" of their country, and appealed to them to conduct their business in an honest manner, without preying on the common man, and thus uphold the country's prestige.

## BALANCED FUSION OF TECHNIQUES

### Use Of Engineering Conferences

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25 (UPI): Mr. A. N. Khosla, President of the Indian National Committees for the International Engineering Conferences which will be held in India in the first week of January 1951 expressed a hope that these meetings would bring about a more intimate understanding between the east and west and a balanced fusion of their cultures and techniques, so that fear and ignorance may be banished from the minds of men, the impending cataclysm averted and humanity left in peace to pursue the essentially human objective through a happy synthesis between man and machine.

He said India was on the threshold of a new era of industrialisation. "The standard of living of the common man in India is low. It is lower still in several parts of Asia. This is a psychological moment for India. This is also a critical moment for Asia and the rest of the world." he added.

GIGANTIC PROJECTS

Mr. Khosla who broadcast tonight from All India Radio, New Delhi on the programme of the 34-nation conferences of engineering in India, disclosed that several gigantic projects for the development of India's water, land and other natural resources were now under execution or preparation and called for the application of the most up to date knowledge in design and technique.

Dilating the programme of various sectional conferences and papers read in this connection, on-the-spot enquiry of the press of different engineering projects of India by the members, and origin of organisations Mr. Khosla announced that thirty-four nations of the world, besides UNESCO and ECAFE would participate in those conferences and the exhibition

"The International Engineering Exhibition will be a special feature at these international conferences. The engineering activities covered by these conferences will be depicted in charts, maps and photographs. The entrance of the exhibition has been specially designed as a working model of a dam with tunnels on either side." he said.

## POLITICAL SCIENCE CONFERENCE

### Inaguration Today

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25 (UPI): The thirteenth session of the Indian Political Science Conference will commence tomorrow afternoon in the Senate House, Calcutta University, and continue till Thursday under the presidentship of Principal Shri Ram Sharma of Poona. Dr. K. N. Katju, Chancellor wil inaugurate the session.

Three topcs have been selected for discussion: (a) The new Constitution of India, (b) twentieth century political thought; and (c) socal legislation in India.

Wednesday and Thursday will be devoted to the reading and discussion of papers relating to these topics.

There will also be a symposium to on the teachings of political science in India.

## NEHRU DISAPPROVES

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25.

The Prime Minister of India has disapproved of parliamentarians being taken round India by industrialists again this winter. It may be recalled a group of parliamentarians were taken round the industial centres last spring. Another offer was made to take the second batch of parliamentarians on an all India tour this winter. This has been disapproved of by the leader of the House, Mr. Nehru.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR SINDRI PROJECT

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 25.

The personnel for the Board of Directors for the Sindri Fertiliser Factory has been tentatively settled. Mr. Negy, former Commerce Minister will be the chairman of the Board while C. Narayan Mehta, Sir Jehangir Ghandy and Mr. S. Venkatraman, Secretary of the Ministry of Industry and Supply will be members of the Board.

## WALK-OUT AT CONGRESS MEETING

AGRA, Dec. 25 (UPI): At a meeting of the Agra City Congress Committee held today under the presidentship of Shri Ramchandra Gupta, M.L.A., Shri Devki Nandan Bibhav was elected President and Shri Sohanlal Jain as Secretary for the year 1950-51.

More than a dozen members including Shri Bhogilal Mishra and Pandit Rameshwar Dayal staged a walk-out as a protest against the election.

## WARSAW STAYED THE ATOM BOMB

### Harindranath's View

MADRAS, Dec. 25 (PTI): Mr. Harindranath Chattopadhyaya, one of the five Indian delegates to the second World Peace Congress, Warsaw, said here today that the Warsaw Congress "has stayed the atom bomb".

'My firm conviction is that had it not been for the peace congress, Truman's atom bomb would have fallen on China", he said.

Mr. Chattopadhyaya, giving his impressions about the Peace Congress to pressmen, said that everyone present there manifested his yearning for peace.

He said, 5,000 delegates and observers, representing 75 countres who participated in the Congress unequivocally defended peace.

India was given an honoured place in the Congress, he said. Several representatives spoke in appreciative terms of Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru's contribution to world peace by the stand he had taken on Korea.

India, he said, had a great responsibility, for all countries looked to her to get people intersted in peace.

## Shradh Day Of Sardar

MADRAS, Dec. 25, (PTI): The Sikh community in Madras today observed the "Shradh Day" of Sardar Patel. The Maharaja of Bhavnagar, Governor of Madras and Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, were among those participating in the ceremony.

## MAHASABHA SESSION

*Master Tarasingh addressing the General Session of the Hindu Mahasabha held on December 24 in Poona.*

# LET US LEARN TO LOVE, NOT TO HATE

## King George's Yuletide Message

SANDRINGHAM, (Norfolk) Dec. 25. (PTI-Reuter).

KING GEORGE the Sixth said in a world-wide broadcast today that mankind must make the momentous choice of its history and decide between the creeds of love and hatred.

"For," he said, "if our world is to survive in any sense that makes survival worth while, it must learn to live, not to hate; to create, not to destroy."

The King was delivering his 13th Christmas message in a broadcast from his study at Sandringham, his Norfolk estate. There, as is usual, he is spending Christmas surrounded by members of his family.

King George VI

In his speech, the King referred to the "grim shadow of war" hanging over the world making it hard to feel the happiness and merriment natural to Christmas.

These troubled times, he said, often reminded him of Bunyan's "Pilgrim's progress,' for, like the pilgrim "we have gone forward, only to fall back. Like him, we have fallen back only to press forward once more."

"We have passed through the valley of the shadow of death; but always, with the determination natural to our race and training, we have kept our eyes fixed on the far off delectable mountains of peace and goodwill."

The King said it was not surprising that the individual pilgrim—"the every man of that great book"—should feel almost overwhelmed by his own insignificance and bewildered by continual blows of fate.

But he conselled his listeners not to take "faint heart" as their friend and guide, but to adopt as their motto "whatever comes or does not come, I will not be afraid."

## KATJU OPENS KASHMIR ARTS EMPORIUM

CALCUTTA, Dec. 25, (PTI): The West Bengal Governor, Dr. K. N. Katju, opened here today an arts emporium of the Kashmir Government. The emporium contains a representative collection of some of the finest and exquisite products of cottage and small-scale industries in Kashmir.

The Kashmir Premier Sheikh Mohammed Abdulla requesting the Governor to open the emporium said that art-crafts constituted not only the main work of a large portion of the population in the state but an integral part of their cultural heritage also. It was a matter of national importance and therefore, protection should be given to these art-crafts. They shoud be rationalised to achieve a balance between large-scale industries on the one hand and small-scale establishments on the other.

## Lt. Gen. Ridgeway In Tokyo

TOKYO, Dec. 25. (PTI-Reuter): Lieutenant-General Matthew B. Ridgeway, the new Commander of the Eighth Army in Korea, arrived in Tokyo tonight from the United States.

He is replacing Lieutenant-General Walton Walker who was killed in a jeep accident in Korea on Saturday.

## Heavy Casualties To Viet Minh

SAIGON, Dec. 25, (PTI-Reuter). Viet Minh's lost more than two hundred killed and much material in a week-long operation in Travinh province Cochin, a French military communique said here tonight.

Viet Minh activity was very slight throughout Indo-China yesterday the communique said. French Union forces continued clearing operations in south Viet Nam. In north Viet Nam the situation was unchanged.

French aircraft attacked Viet Minh installations in the north-west and the Bentre-Vinhlong sector of Tonking, and Viet Minh troops in the Phulangthuong and Thaibinh areas.

# WITHDRAW KASHMIR ISSUE FROM U. N.

## MAHASABHA DEMAND AT OPEN SESSION

POONA, December 25 (PTI).

THE open session of the All India Hindu Mahasabha here today unanimously adopted a resolution demanding the withdrawal of the Kashmir issue from the U.N.O. if that body was not ready to treat Pakistan as an aggressor.

Opposing the division of Kashmir, the resolution suggested to the India Government to take over the administration of Jammu and Kashmir. It criticised the Abdullah government as anti-Hindu.

The open session today took up consideration of some of the resolutions adopted by the Subjects Committee.

At the beginning of the proceedings the Hindu Mahasabha, through a resolution moved by the President, Dr. N. B Khare, paid homage to the memory of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Yogi Aurobindo Ghosh, Upendranath Banerjee of Calcutta, V. V. Kelkar of Nagpur, Lala Narayan Datta of New Delhi, V. G. Ketkar of Poona, Raman Maharshi, G. V. Apparao of Andhra and P. D. Sharma.

The proposal for the inclusion of the name of Sardar Patel in the condolence resolution had created differences of opinion in the Subjects Committee meeting yesterday and was defeated, but on a requisition made by some members, the matter was re-opened today and the Subjects Committee approved of the proposal unanimously.

WITHDRAW ISSUE

Mr. Horilal Saxena moved the resolution of the Subjects Committee on Kashmir The resolution stated that a division of Kashmir would not be acceptable to the people of India, and demanded withdrawal of the Kashmir issue from UNO if that body was not ready to treat Pakistan as an aggressor. It also criticised the Abdullah government as "anti-Hindu".

Mr. Saxena said that the picture of Kashmir as presented in papers was not correct. Sheikh Abdullah, he added, was not a nationalist but a communalist who till 1939 was the President of the Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference.

"The state of Hindus in Kashmir is not happier than that of those in Pakistan," he said. He strongly opposed the move of Sheikh Abdullah to call a separate constituent assembly for Jammu and Kashmir and the move to remove the Maharaj.

The constitution of India, he said, had clearly recognised the state of Jammu and Kashmir as part of India and it would remain so.

Mr. Devendranath Mookerjee, who seconded the resolution, asked why the UNO was not ready to treat Pakistan on the same footing as North Korea after Sir Owen Dixon had declared Pakistan as the aggressor. Mr. Nehru, he said, must press this point before the UNO and, in case it did not agree to it, then, as stated in the resolution, he should mobilise the country's resources for "freeing the territory of Kashmir from all aggressors and invaders.

The Kashmir frontier, he added, must be fully safeguarded and no division allowed, particularly in view of the threat of Communist forces from Tibet and China.

Mr. Nirajna Verma, Dr. Goel of Delhi, Mr. N. V. Sitaramayya and Mr. V. B. Gogate of Poona supported the resolution which was passed unanimously.

BLUNDER IN NEPAL

Mahant Digvijay Nath, General Secretary of the Sabha, moved a resolution on Nepal. The resolution viewed with great concern the serious developments in the "Hindu kingdom of Nepal," and expressed the opinion that the Government of India had handled the matter in "an unstatesmanlike manner." The Government of India should not act in such a way as would open them to the charge of conniving at the "disruptive activities carried on in the Indian territory by a clique or group which does not represent the genuine popular movement in Nepal."

"The constitutional problem of Nepal, including that of kingship, should be solved by the people of Nepal without any external pressure," the resolution added.

The Mahasabha wanted Nepal to be made strong enough to serve as a "bulwark against the rising wave of Communism on the Chinese borders." The resolution also demanded that the Government of India should institute an inquiry to find out how far "certain officials of the Government of India have been conniving at, or helping the forces of disorder in Nepal."

NOT POPULAR

Mahant Digvijay Nath said that the revolt in Nepal was not that of the masses but engineered by "certain interested persons". If it was a popular revolt, he asked, how was that there was no chaos in Nepal and the army was ready to fight against the insurgents.

The Government of India, he said, had recognised Nepal as a sovereign state and yet they were trying to "dictate to it how to democratise its government." Such interference was not proper and would not be allowed in the case of other governments.

The continued existence of the Hindu Kingdom of Nepal was of very great importance to Hindus in India, he added. If Muslims were driven away from India they could go to Pakistan, Afghanistan or any other Muslim country but for Hindus there was no other "shelter except Nepal" if they had to leave their country.

Mr. Asutosh Lahiri, seconding the resolution, said that the movement had been organised "with the connivance of certain officials of the Government of India." He warned the Government that a rising tide of antagonism against them was being spread among the Gurkhas, most valiant fighters, because of the policy they were following in Nepal.

The resolution on Nepal was passed unanimously and so also the next resolution on the refugees problem moved by Mr. N. C. Chatterjee, President of the Bengal Hindu Sabha.

PACT'S FAILURE

This resolution after "deploring the weak and vacillating policy" of Government in tackling the problem of refugees, declared that the Delhi Pact had failed. The tempo of exodus of Hindus from Pakistan, it said, had been "aggravated" by the "provocative speeches" of Pakistan politicians and urged Government "not to pursue any longer the tragic policy of appeasement of Pakistan and adopt a more realistic and firm atitude in dealing with this problem." It also asked Government to pass a suitable legislation to enfranchise and confer citizenship rights on refugees who arrived here after July 19, 1948 who remained still disenfranchised.

Mr. Chatterjee warned Mr. Nehru that if the problem was not dealt firmly, India would go down in history as a "nation of cowards." He demanded that there should be no reduction in the strength of the Indian army. To do so, he said, would be "the height of folly" in the context of what was happening in Pakistan.

OTHER RESOLUTIONS

Four more resolutions, three of them moved from the chair, were adopted by the session before adjourning till tomorrow.

The first of these resolutions extended its sympathies to those sufferers who sustained a great loss of property in Maharashtra during the disturbances that followed the tragic death of Mahatma Gandhi and said that Government had failed in its duty of giving monetary help and compensation to those sufferers. It urged the Government of Bombay to remit all loans advanced by them to needy sufferers.

The other resolution impressed upon the Hindus to see that they got registered themselves as Hindus in the next census and not commit the mistake of not being vigilant at the time of the last census.

The last resolution adopted today set up a committee to arrange the celebration of the 70th birthday of the President, Dr. N. B. Khare, on March 16, 1951, and present him with a purse on the occasion. Donations totalling to about Rs. 10,000 were announced on the spot.

# French Contribution To European Defence

## 15 EQUIPPED DIVISIONS PLANNED

PARIS, Dec. 25 (PTI-Reuter).

**THE French Government will this week ask Parliament to vote a budget for a heavy rearmament programme aiming at 15 modern equipped divisions "for the peace-time defence of Europe" by 1953.**

The budget will increase defence expenditure by 65 per cent and the taxpayers burden by seven to eight per cent.

It also provides for arms production in France on an important scale.

The Budget Minister M. Edgar Faure stated in the preamble to the Rearmament Bill: "The rapid development of the international situation makes a further postponement of a rearmament effort impossible. France must herself force her arms. The threat of a total war must be met by a total realisation of the situation which, however, excludes any spirit of aggression.

The French Rearmament Programme is to be carried out on the assumption that American and British divisions are stationed on continent of Europe in peace time.

This was made clear by the French Government's memorandum to Washngton last August which stated: This considerable rearmament—effort will be ineffective if land and air forces of adequate strength to maintain peace are not stationed in Europe.

## IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I WAS surprised to read in a contemporary that foxes relish crab meat. There is no reason why they should'nt, of course, since if men can eat crabs and get away with it, foxes should do as well. But there is a certain piquancy about the crab connoisseurs' club that flourishes down Quilon way.

This group of gourmets gather in the gloaming, wander in leisurely fashion to the foreshore, and there regale themselves to their hearts' content One of the virtues of crab a la fox is that it gives rise to operatic aspirations in the brutish breast. For we are told that these cute creatures, after dinner is over, gather on a nearby bridge and give the slumbering rustics the benefits of their caterwauling.

Stravinsky I can tolerate. Hindemith —provided I take him in moderate doses—merely fills me with a deep loathing. I have even stood concentrated doses of Schonberg, the twelvetone merchant. But foxes? No? Years ago in the Punjab, I knew the kind of music a fox could make when truly inspired. So I can well appreciate the condition of the inhabitants of Quilon after a few of these nocturnal jam-sessions.

But fate overtakes even foxes. One night the massed choirs were going great guns as usual when two motor cars converged on the bridge with headlights blazing. And instead of doing what any other fairly dumb animal would have done and lain low, these wily beasts did a nose-dive into the river. It is also astonishing to learn that foxes cannot swim. Or possibly these particular specimens were too engrossed with musicology to have mastered that art.

Whatever it be the whole lot drowned, and now the ploughman can homeward wend his weary way, unapprehensive of the expected din. Foxes, as a rule, have an I.Q. that puts a graduate's to shame. As sly as a fox, as cunning as a fox—many and varied are the tributes that men have paid to Reynard.

But unhappily, in contrast to the Foxes of Harrow and to that Fox who was a leading light of the British Parliament, the Foxes of Quilon have proved a stupid and altogether unenterprising bunch.

## Bridge Expert Suggests U.N. Police Force

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail)

**A UNITED Nations police force composed of young citizens of the world's "small" countries, containing no troops from the "Big Five" and empowered to act on its own authority against aggression when Security Council action is blocked by veto is the proposal put forward by Mr. Ely Culbertson, the world-famous bridge expert, in a "New American Mercury" article.**

As envisaged by Mr. Culbertson, who is chairman of the Citizens Committee for United Nations Reform, this International Contingent would be made up of volunteers. Its members, though organised as far as possible in national units, would cease to be citizens of their countries of origin during their terms of service.

Swift Move

Having no troops from Russia, China, France, Britain or the United States, it would be able to move swiftly, Mr. Culbertson says, when a force containing such units would be held back awaiting decisions by the nations involved.

If an outbreak of hostilities proved too much for the International Contingent, then such members of the "Big Five" as supported its action could add units from their already organised military establishments.

The International Contingent, Mr. Culbertson suggested, "would be stationed, by agreement, in internationalised bases in sensitive areas, as well as in Western Germany and Japan", and added:

**"The purpose of the International Contingent would not be to organise the man-power of the major states, which is already organised, but to utilise the vast, largely untapped manpower of the fifty odd lesser states.**

## Congress Victory In Bangalore Corp.

BANGALORE, Dec. 25, (PTI): The Congress has secured an absolute majority in the Bangalore Municipal Corporation.

The election took place on December 23 and counting of votes was completed this evening

The Congress has a strength of 45 members. The Socialists, the only other party contesting the elections, captured five seats. Twenty seats went to independents.

Apart from the seventy members directly elected, the Corporation will have five aldermen who will be elected by the members.

It was only about a year ago that the two municipalities of Bangalore City and Cantonment were amalgamated and constituted as a Corporation. Members of the former municipalities became members of the Corporation. The first fresh election now held was under adult franchise.

MUTT AND JEFF — Well Anyway, Jeff's Range Was O. K. By BUD FISHER

JEFF'S A FUNNY LITTLE DUCK! NOW HE'S STUDYING MUSIC!
HE BOUGHT A NEW PIANO AND HE'S TAKING SINGING LESSONS!
LA-LA!
DO YOU PLAY BY EAR OR NOTE, JEFF?
NOTE! I GAVE THEM $10 DOWN AND A NOTE FOR THE BALANCE!
SO YOU SING TOO? WHAT IS YOUR RANGE?
MY WHAT?
YOUR RANGE! HOW IS YOUR RANGE?
OH, THAT'S FULL OF GAS!
? ?
Fisher

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